Appendices



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Appendix A Infrastructure Data Assessment Report



Appendix A Infrastructure Data Assessment Report





Project No. 222767
Project: Regional Floodplain
Database Stage 3 Detailed Modelling:
Package 1
BCC Minor Basin Data Infrastructure

Prepared for: Moreton Bay Regional Council PO Box 159 Caboolture QLD 4510 Report ref: 222767-001

4 August 2011



Assessment Report

Document Control Record

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1 Introduction

1.1 Study objective

Moreton Bay Regional Council (MBRC) is delivering a Regional Floodplain Database (RFD) in support of their flood risk management, considering emergency response, development control, strategic landuse and infrastructure planning. MBRC was recently formed under local government amalgamations and is responsible for Caboolture, Pine Rivers, Redcliffe and Bribie Island. The RFD project focuses on the northern sector as a key growth area for South-east Queensland.

The project is being funded by MBRC, Emergency Management Queensland (EMQ) and Emergency Management Australia (EMA) as part of the Natural Disaster Resilience Program and will provide:

- A comprehensive and consistent description of flood behaviour across the region
- Strategies for management of any flooding identified problems
- A system/process to store and manage this information and keep it up-to-date

Stage 1 of the project was completed in July 2010 and involved a number of sub-projects. These projects delivered consistent processes and protocols for the detailed hydrologic and hydraulic model development. A key sub-project involved the development of broadscale hydrodynamic models for each minor basin to provide general understanding of flooding mechanisms and allow prioritisation of data capture.

Stage 2 of the project involves the development of detailed hydrologic and hydraulic models for each minor basin.

Stage 3 (current stage) includes development of a further two detailed models. Stage 3 will then build on the detailed models and "add value" through assessment of flood damages and community resilience measures

1.2 Objective of Data Assessment Report

This report details the data infrastructure assessment and gap analysis for Package 1, Brisbane Coastal Creeks (as shown in Figure 1). This basin is largely urbanised, with only the upper reaches remaining forested. Flows are generally contained within the creek corridor or adjacent low lying land, with very little floodplain evident in this minor basin.

The structures within this basin are generally located in close proximity to urban areas and therefore they have the potential to impact upon flooding of these areas.

This report assesses the infrastructure and bathymetric data requirements for modelling of the Brisbane Coastal Creeks minor basin. It documents the results of the data gap analysis carried out for drainage infrastructure including bridges, culverts, detention basins and trunk drainage and also for below-water bathymetric details. The infrastructure has been prioritised according to the significance of location and potential impacts to the hydraulic model results. Following the gap analysis and the data prioritisation, a composite assessment of survey requirements has been undertaken.

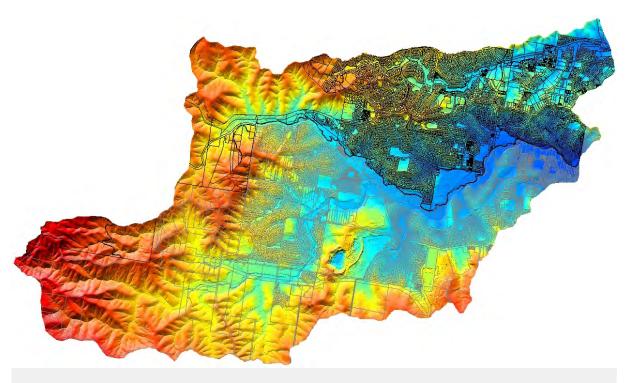


Figure 1 | BCC Minor Basin

2 Methodology

2.1 Data availability

Available data which was assessed includes:

- GIS file identifying locations of QR and TMR structure data to be provided "Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations"
- GIS file identifying locations of structures being surveyed by Council "Culvert_Survey"
- GIS file identifying structures inspected by Council "Structure_inspection"
- Microsoft PowerPoint file showing photos from structure inspection "20110714 Culvert Photo Album - BCC.ppt"
- GIS file of structures identified by as not having junctions in the existing hydrography layer "Structure_No_Junctions"
- GIS file of available stormwater data for Moreton Bay region (provided for Stage 2)
 "Storm_Water_Arcs" and "Storm_Water_Node"
- GIS file of available stormwater data for Brisbane City region "bm081657_sw_pipe"
- TUFLOW 2d_lfcsh_KED and 1d_nwk_KED GIS files, as modelled previously
- Structure drawings provided by Council
- BCC basin DEM
- BCC basin aerial images
- Brisbane City and Moreton Bay Region cadastral data

This data was reviewed to identify the locations of critical structures within the minor basin. These are presented in the Sections 3.1 to 3.5. Not all structures within the basin have been identified; however all structures on major waterways and the larger tributaries have been included.

2.2 Gap analysis

A gap analysis was undertaken to review the available data for each crossing and identify any data gaps, based on the critical data requirements presented in Sections 2.2.1 to 2.2.3. The available data is presented in Sections 3.1 to 3.5, as well as data gaps and the proposed capture methods to be employed in addressing these gaps. It is understood that Council does not wish to obtain further survey and the proposed capture methods have taken this into account. The site visit for this minor basin is yet to be undertaken; therefore it is possible that the required information can be captured during this site visit.

The DEM was also reviewed to assess how well the channels are represented.

2.2.1 Bridges

The critical information required for the hydraulic modelling of bridges includes:

- Deck surface/obvert levels and thickness
- Pier locations, dimensions, orientation to flow and pile arrangements
- · Handrail location, height and extent
- Cross-section of the channel beneath the bridge

2.2.2 Culverts

The critical information required for the hydraulic modelling of culverts includes:

- Culvert shape
- Dimensions and number of barrels
- Culvert invert levels

2.2.3 Trunk drains

The trunk drainage data standard specifies that trunk drainage refers to "extended underground drainage systems which have a large open channel or stream feeding into them (ie stormwater pipe networks which are intended to convey flows from a major storm event)".

The critical information required for the hydraulic modelling of trunk drainage includes:

- Pipe location, shape, dimensions, invert levels, length and number of barrels
- Stormwater pit/junction locations, type, dimensions and invert levels

2.2.4 Assumptions

A number of assumptions were made during the gap analysis:

- Complete TUFLOW ready datasets will be provided for the QR and TMR structures identified in "Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations"
- All required data will be provided for structures identified in Council's "Culvert_Survey"
- No additional data will be provided for Council's "Structure_inspection" structures modelling of these structures is to be based upon the details provided in "20110714 Culvert Photo Album -BCC.ppt"

2.3 Prioritisation methodology

The structure data was prioritised into categories "A" and "B", with Priority A structures being those required for the hydraulic modelling and Priority B structures being of less importance for the accurate modelling of the minor basin.

Prioritisation was based on the following criteria:

- Broadscale model flood extents Structures within or nearby the 100 year ARI broadscale model flood extents were identified as Priority A structures. Conversely structures outside of these extents were considered to be less important and were identified as Priority B
- Previous modelling Structures included in the previous modelling of this minor basin were generally identified as Priority A structures
- Structures identified in Council's "Structure_inspection" Generally these structures were categorised as Priority A
- Location of structure with Brisbane City area Structures within the Brisbane City region are
 considered less important than those in the Moreton Bay region. Only key structures on the larger
 stream reaches within the Brisbane City region are identified as Priority A

3 Available data and gap analysis

3.1 Identified structures

All identified structures are shown in Figure 2. Blue dots represent Priority A structures and green dots represent Priority B structures. The GIS file "BCC_Hydraulic_Structures" provided with this report includes the details of the structures identified in Figure 2.

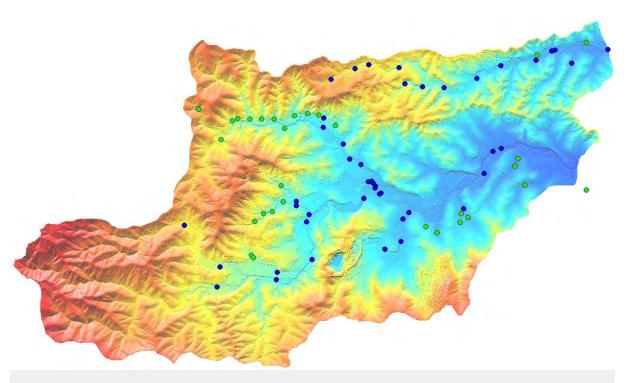


Figure 2 | BCC minor basin structures

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3.2 Bridges

Table 1 shows all the bridges identified within the BCC minor basin, the available data for these bridges and the adopted structure priority.

Table 1 Identified bridges and available bridge data

Waterway ID	Crossing Name	Available Data	Priority
KED_01_01913	Dawson Parade	2d_lfcsh_KED, Drawings	А
KED_01_01913	Pedestrian (Jane St)	2d_lfcsh_KED, Drawings	Α
KED_01_06019	Gordon Road	2d_lfcsh_KED	Α
KED_04_00000	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	Α
KED_04_00000	Tramway Street		Α
KED_04_00000	Ferny Grove Rail Line	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	Α
KED_04_02038	Upper Kedron Road		Α
KED_04_02038	Pedestrian		Α
KED_04_03281	Canvey Road	Structure_inspection	Α
KED_10_00000	Hogart Road	Structure_inspection	Α
KED_16_00000	Ross Road	Structure_inspection	Α
KED_28_00000	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	Α
KED_28_00000	Ferny Grove Rail Line	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	Α
Beyond DS Bnd	Osborne Road	2d_lfcsh_KED	В
Not on reach	Ferny Grove Rail Line		В

Of the Priority A structures, there are three bridges for which no data exists and one bridge for which data only exists in the 2d_lfcsh file from the previous modelling. The following approach is proposed for these structures:

- Bridges will be located based upon the aerial photographs
- · Bridge deck levels will be assumed based upon the LiDAR data to either side of the structure
- Deck thickness can be assessed during a site visit
- Pier details can be assessed during a site visit
- · Handrail details can be assessed during a site visit
- The bridge can be modelled using the existing surface levels in the LiDAR data, with no crosssection data specified

3.3 Culverts

Table 2 shows all the culverts identified within the BCC minor basin and the available data for these culverts.

Table 2 Identified culverts and available culvert data

Waterway ID	Crossing Name	Available Data	Priority
CTC_01_00000	Old Northern Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	Α
CTC_01_01288	Collins Road		Α
CTC_01_01385	Collins Road	1d_nwk_KED	Α
CTC_01_01813	John Street		Α
CTC_01_02688	Francis Road	Culvert Survey, 2d_lfcsh_KED, Drawings	Α
CTC_01_03455	Bunya Road	1d_nwk_KED	Α
CTC_01_04319	View Crescent	1d_nwk_KED	Α
CTC_01_05671	Woodhill Road	2d_lfcsh_KED, Drawings	Α
CTC_01_06388	Linkwood Drive	2d_lfcsh_KED, Drawings	Α
CTC_01_06685	Woodtop Court	Culvert Survey, 2d_lfcsh_KED, Drawings	Α
CTC_01_07207	Ridgewood Court	Structure_inspection	Α
CTC_02_00075	Yingally Drive	1d_nwk_KED	Α
CTC_02_00461	Woodhill Road	1d_nwk_KED	Α
CTC_04_00304	Bennetts Road	1d_nwk_KED	Α
KED_01_00975	Pedestrian	bm081657_sw_culvert	Α
KED_01_06294	Samford Road	1d_nwk_KED	А
KED_04_00000	Samford Road	bm081657_sw_culvert	Α
KED_04_00000	Ferny Grove Rail Line	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	Α
KED_04_00000	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	А
KED_04_00000	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	Α
KED_04_00000	Ferny Grove Rail Line	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	Α
KED_04_05168	Millwood Place	Structure_inspection	А
KED_08_00000	Canvey Road	Structure_inspection	А
KED_09_00000	Woolshed Street	Structure_inspection	А
KED_09_00227	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	А
KED_10_00000	McAlroy Road	Structure_inspection	Α
KED_11_00059	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	А
KED_12_00000	Selkirk Crescent	Structure_inspection	А
KED_14_00000	Ross Road	Structure_inspection	А
KED_28_00000	Avington Street	bm081657_sw_culvert	А
KED_28_01009	Glengarry Road	Structure_inspection	А
KED_32_00000	Duggan Street	Structure_inspection	А

Waterway ID	Crossing Name	Available Data	Priority
Not on reach	Ferny Grove Rail Line		В
Not on reach	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	В
KED_03_00076	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	В
KED_05_00166	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	В
KED_01_08231	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	В
KED_01_08231	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	В
KED_05_00166	Samford Road	Structure_inspection	В
KED_07_00155	Samford Road	Structure_inspection	В
KED_01_07110	Samford Road	Stage3_QR_TMR_Structure_Locations	В
KED_08_00000	Cedar Creek Road	bm081657_sw_culvert	В
Not on reach	Ferny Grove Rail Line	bm081657_sw_culvert	В
KED_10_00404	Selkirk Crescent	bm081657_sw_culvert	В
KED_34_00000	House	bm081657_sw_culvert	В
Not on reach	Lanita Road	bm081657_sw_culvert	В
KED_01_09303	Lanita Road	Structure_inspection	В
KED_34_00000	Woking Street		В
KED_32_00000	Ferny Grove Rail Line		В
KED_32_00000	Ferny Grove Rail Line		В
Not on reach	Ferny Grove Rail Line		В
KED_08_00000			В
KED_10_00404	Selkirk Crescent		В
KED_10_00404	Selkirk Crescent		В
KED_10_00404	Selkirk Crescent		В
KED_12_00000	McGinn Road		В
Not on reach	Samford Road		В
Not on reach	Samford Road		В
CTC_01_01385	Collins Road	1d_nwk_KED	В
Not on reach	Collins Road	1d_nwk_KED	В
KED_32_00000			В

Of the Priority A structures, there are two without any existing data. The following approach is proposed for these structures:

- Culverts will be located based upon the aerial photographs
- Culvert dimensions will be measured during a site visit
- Culvert invert levels will be assumed based upon a measured depth from the road crest to the culvert obvert

3.4 Trunk underground drainage

No trunk underground drainage systems have been identified as being critical for the hydraulic modelling.

3.5 Detention basins

No detention basins have been identified as being critical for the hydraulic modelling.

3.6 Terrain

LiDAR data has been provided by Moreton Bay Regional Council and Brisbane City Council. In addition to the LiDAR data, to accurately model waterways, bathymetric information is generally required for significant perennial reaches. Within the BCC minor basin, whilst it is possible that the creek invert levels are not well represented in the LiDAR data, the creek channels themselves are well represented. The additional conveyance capacity which would be provided by accurate representation of the creek inverts is expected to be minimal; therefore it is not recommended that additional bathymetric data be captured for the BCC minor basin.



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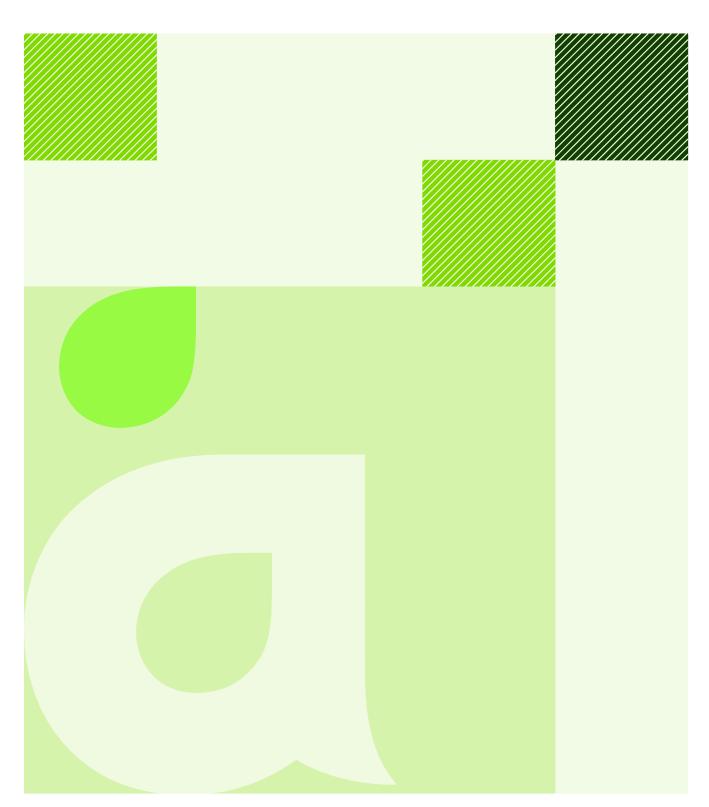
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Appendix B Hydrography Review Report



Appendix B Hydrography Review Report





Project No. 222767
Project: Regional Floodplain
Database Stage 3 Detailed Modelling:
Package 1
BCC Minor Basin Hydrography Review
Report

Prepared for: Moreton Bay Regional Council PO Box 159 Caboolture QLD 4510 Report ref: 222767-001

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1 Introduction

1.1 Study objective

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Stage 2 of the project involves the development of detailed hydrologic and hydraulic models for each minor basin and is currently underway.

Stage 3 includes development of a further two detailed models (currently underway). Stage 3 will then build on the detailed models and "add value" through assessment of flood damages and community resilience measures.

1.2 Objective of Hydrography Review Report

This report details the hydrography review for Package 1 of Stage 3, covering the Brisbane Coastal Creeks (BCC) minor basin.

The term 'hydrography' describes the sub-catchment delineation, stream reach lines and junction locations and will form the basis of the hydrological model. The hydrography is required to support the following key objectives:

 Sufficiently define catchments to ensure accurate definition of contributing areas at key points of interest (urbanised areas, drainage control points, areas marked for future development)

- Support the hydraulic model objectives through appropriate flow reporting locations, noting the following:
 - The hydraulic model will apply inflow distributed across the sub-catchment, effectively "filling" the sub-catchment from the lowest point
 - The hydraulic model will advise on flood immunity of major roads accessing key urban areas

MBRC have provided initial sub-catchment boundaries, stream reaches and junctions (as shown in Figure 1). A review of the hydrography has been undertaken for each minor basin to ensure compliance with the above objectives

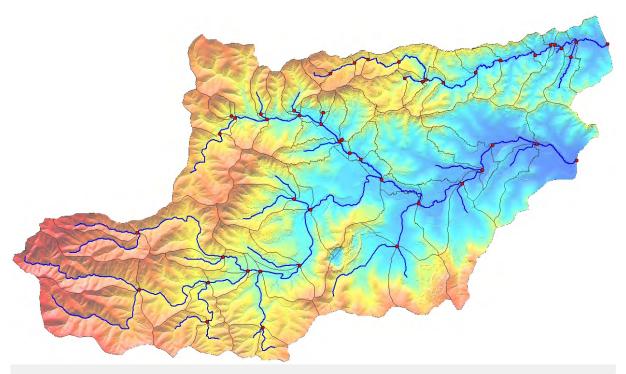


Figure 1 | BCC Minor basin hydrography

2 Hydrography review

2.1 Minor basin appreciation

The Brisbane Coastal Creeks minor basin covers the upper ends of the Cabbage Tree Creek and Kedron Brook catchments. The northern portion of this minor basin lies within the Moreton Bay Region and the southern portion lies within the Brisbane City region, with the upper reaches of Kedron Brook running along the region divide.

This basin is largely urbanised, with only the upper reaches remaining forested. Flows are generally contained within the creek corridor or adjacent low lying land, with very little floodplain evident in this minor basin.

Comparison of the aerial photography, the 2006 Pine Rivers Planning Scheme and the 2000 City Plan for Brisbane show that, with the exception of one parcel of land in Upper Kedron, significant development is not proposed in any part of this minor basin.

Key areas of interest are those within the Moreton Bay Regional area, immediately adjacent to the creek corridors.

2.2 Stream connectivity

A review of the sub-catchment and reach network was undertaken with reference to the study objectives outlined in Section 1.2. At the downstream end of branch KED_04_05168 the reach location and connectivity does not appear to be consistent with the topographic data as shown in Figure 2. The pink line in Figure 2 shows a more appropriate location for this reach and its connection point. This pink line is included in the attached file "Proposed reach change".



Figure 2 | Connectivity issue

2.3 Inclusion of floodplain structures

A review has been undertaken of the structures within the BCC minor basin and this is presented in the Data Infrastructure Assessment Report. Table 1 below includes a list of the structures which have been identified as "Priority A" for which no junction currently exists in the hydrography. New junctions will be required at these structure locations to ensure the contributing upstream catchment is correct. Note that this table does not include structures for which there are no reaches in the hydrography but for which it is intended to include the structures in the hydraulic modelling (eg on Samford Road and the Ferny Grove Rail line to the south-east of the Ferny Grove Railway Station). The locations of the junctions identified in Table 1 are included in the attached file "Junctions required".

Table 1| Structures for which no junction exists in the hydrography

WW_ID	Crossing Name	Description
KED_01_00975	Pedestrian	Culvert
KED_01_01913	Pedestrian (Jane St)	Bridge
KED_04_00000	Samford Road	Bridge
KED_04_00000	Ferny Grove Rail Line	Bridge
KED_04_00000	Tramway Street	Bridge
KED_04_02038	Upper Kedron Road	Bridge
KED_04_02038	Pedestrian	Bridge
KED_04_03281	Canvey Road	Bridge
KED_04_05168	Millwood Place	Culvert
KED_08_00000	Canvey Road	Culvert

WW_ID	Crossing Name	Description
KED_09_00000	Woolshed Street	Culvert
KED_10_00000	Hogart Road	Bridge
KED_10_00000	McAlroy Road	Culvert
KED_14_00000	Ross Road	Culvert
KED_16_00000	Ross Road	Bridge
KED_28_00000	Samford Road	Bridge
KED_28_00000	Ferny Grove Rail Line	Bridge
KED_28_00000	Avington Street	Culvert
KED_28_01009	Glengarry Road	Culvert
KED_32_00000	Duggan Street	Culvert

2.4 Existing resolution/detail

Given the objectives of the RFD, the resolution of the defined hydrography is generally considered to be appropriate. The level of detail provided is sufficient to model the flood characteristics of the main Cabbage Tree Creek and Kedron Brook branches. There are a number of tributaries to these main branches which are not defined in the hydrography; however these branches would be considered local drainage networks and are beyond the scope of the RFD. An example of these tributaries is provided in Figure 3.

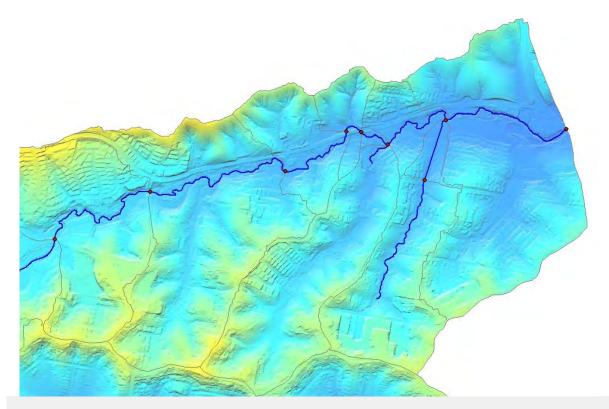


Figure 3 | Hydrography resolution example

One of the primary issues to be considered is the application of the inflow hydrographs using 2d_sa tables within the hydraulic model. If the 2d_sa table is defined to match the sub-catchment boundary, the inflow will be applied to the lowest point within the sub-catchment, with the following impacts:

- For a given sub-catchment, the flow will likely be applied at the junction and from there routed downstream within the creek/channel. Where a sub-catchment has its lowest point downstream of a structure, flows may be applied downstream of the structure. Where a sub-catchment has its primary area of interest in the upper reaches, the local inflows will bypass this area
- For the upper-most sub-catchments, there will be no flow routed through them from upstream subcatchments. Where they are not urbanised or not of concern, the hydrography need not be modified

Similar to the approach that has been adopted with the PUM and BRI minor basins, it is proposed to modify a number of the 2d_sa boundaries in the hydraulic model to ensure that catchment inflows are being applied upstream of structures.

2.5 Future development

In the case of large areas of land being proposed for development, it would be recommended that sub-catchment delineation align with future development to allow the hydrologic and hydraulic models to be easily updated for "future land use" scenarios. However, based on a review of the 2006 Pine Rivers Planning Scheme and the 2000 City Plan for Brisbane it is anticipated land use changes will only occur within the Upper Kedron area and these will no significantly affect the existing hydrography definition.

3 Recommendations

Based on the issues discussed in the previous section, the hydrography changes in the following sections (3.1 to 3.3) are recommended.

3.1 Stream connectivity

It is recommended that the location of the downstream end of branch KED_04_05168 be modified as shown in Figure 2 to better match the flowpath shown in the topography.

3.2 Inclusion of floodplain structures

It is recommended that a junction should be included at each of the floodplain structures in Table 1 to ensure that the volume of flow calculated at each structure is accurate and to ensure consistency with the hydrography approach adopted for the detailed modelling.

3.3 Resolution/detail

The following recommendations are made with regard to the level of hydrographic detail provided:

- If a sub-catchment has its primary area of interest in the upper reaches, consideration should be given to further dividing the sub-catchment or alternatively, applying more than one 2d_sa table over the region (where flow would be distributed according to area)
- Where an upper-most sub-catchment is of interest, either the hydrography may be modified, or the 2d_sa table modified within the hydraulic model to ensure flow is routed through it



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Appendix C Calibration and Validation Report(s)



Appendix C Calibration and Validation Report(s)



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Project: Regional Floodplain Database Stage 3 Detailed Modelling: Package 1

BCC Calibration and Validation Feasibility Report

Prepared for: Moreton Bay Regional Council

Project: 222767-001

22 September 2011

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1. Introduction

1.1 Study objective

Moreton Bay Regional Council (MBRC) is delivering a Regional Floodplain Database (RFD) in support of their flood risk management, considering emergency response, development control, strategic land use and infrastructure planning. MBRC was recently formed under local government amalgamations and is responsible for Caboolture, Pine Rivers, Redcliffe and Bribie Island. The RFD project focuses on the northern sector as a key growth area for South-east Queensland.

The project is being funded by MBRC, Emergency Management Queensland (EMQ) and Emergency Management Australia (EMA) as part of the Natural Disaster Resilience Program and will provide:

- A comprehensive and consistent description of flood behaviour across the region
- · Strategies for management of any flooding identified problems
- A system/process to store and manage this information and keep it up-to-date

Stage 1 of the project was completed in July 2010 and involved a number of sub-projects. These projects delivered consistent processes and protocols for the detailed hydrologic and hydraulic model development. A key sub-project involved the development of broadscale hydrodynamic models for each minor basin to provide general understanding of flooding mechanisms and allow prioritisation of data capture.

Stage 2 of the project involves the development of detailed hydrologic and hydraulic models for each minor basin and is currently underway.

Stage 3 includes development of a further two detailed models (currently underway). Stage 3 will then build on the detailed models and "add value" through assessment of flood damages and community resilience measures.

1.2 Objective of calibration and validation feasibility report

This report details the calibration and validation feasibility analysis for the Brisbane Coastal Creeks (BCC) minor basin. This minor basin covers the upper ends of the Cabbage Tree Creek and Kedron Brook catchments. The northern portion of this minor basin lies within the Moreton Bay Region and the southern portion lies within the Brisbane City region, with the upper reaches of Kedron Brook running along the region divide.

This basin is largely urbanised, with only the upper reaches remaining forested. Flows are generally contained within the creek corridor or adjacent low lying land, with very little floodplain evident in this minor basin within the Moreton Bay region. Representation of the creek channel capacity and the structures will be important to the accurate modelling of this catchment.

This report assesses the feasibility of carrying out calibration and validation for the hydrological and hydraulic modelling of the BCC minor basin based on the current and prospective availability of data.

2. Available data

2.1 Stream gauge data

Stream gauge data (recorded water level with respect to time) is essential to calibrating a hydrologic model. Recorded water levels are converted to discharges using derived rating curves and compared with hydrologic model predictions. Stream gauge data is also useful in calibrating a hydraulic model through comparisons of recorded and predicted water levels with time at the gauge location. Two stream gauges are located close to the downstream boundary of the BCC minor basin. The available data at these locations is presented in Table 1, Figure 1 and Figure 2. This data was sourced from Brisbane City Council for the period of record up to 31 December 2010. No rating curves are available for these gauges.

Table 1 Stream Gauge Stations

Gauge Name	Gauge Owner/Data Source	Operational Start Date	Operational Finish Date
Collins Rd (Old Northern Rd)	Brisbane City Council	27/6/94	Still operational Data sourced up to 31/12/2010
Osborne Rd	Brisbane City Council	9/3/94	Still operational Data sourced up to 31/12/2010

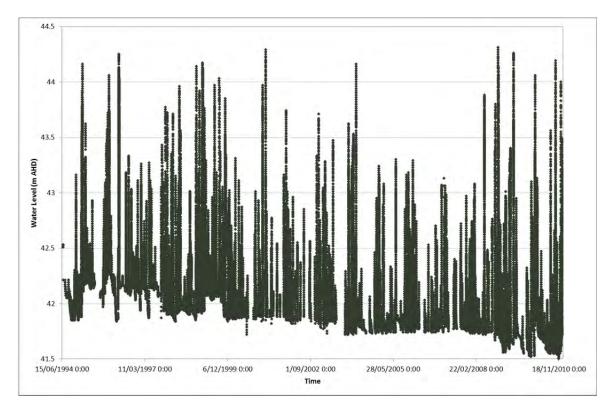


Figure 1 Recorded Water Levels in Cabbage Tree Creek at Collins Road (Old Northern Road)

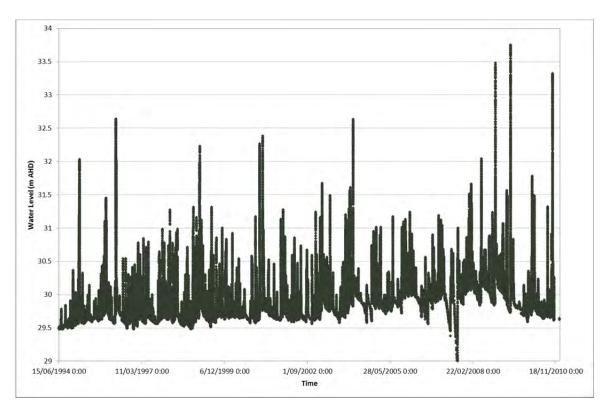


Figure 2 Recorded Water Levels in Kedron Brook at Osborne Road

Figure 1 shows that recorded water levels in Cabbage Tree Creek at Osborne Road have ranged between 41.5 and 44.3m AHD over the period of record. Water levels have exceeded 44.0m thirteen times and have exceeded 44.25m four times, with the peak recorded level occurring on 16 November 2008.

Figure 2 shows that, in the Kedron Brook catchment, the three largest events have occurred recently, with the recorded levels ranging between 29.0m and 33.75m AHD. The peak recorded level of 33.75m AHD occurred on 20 May 2009.

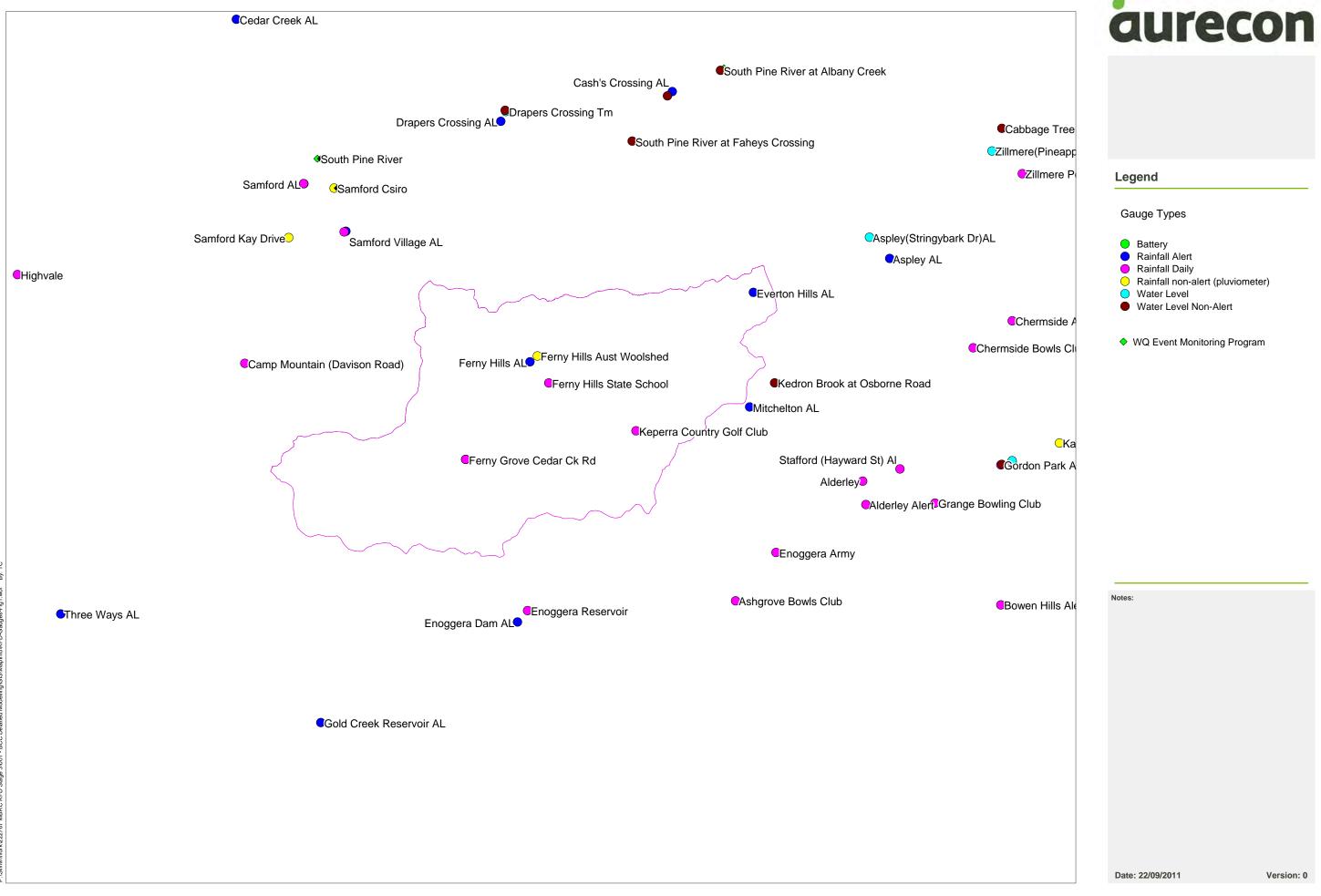
2.2 Rainfall data

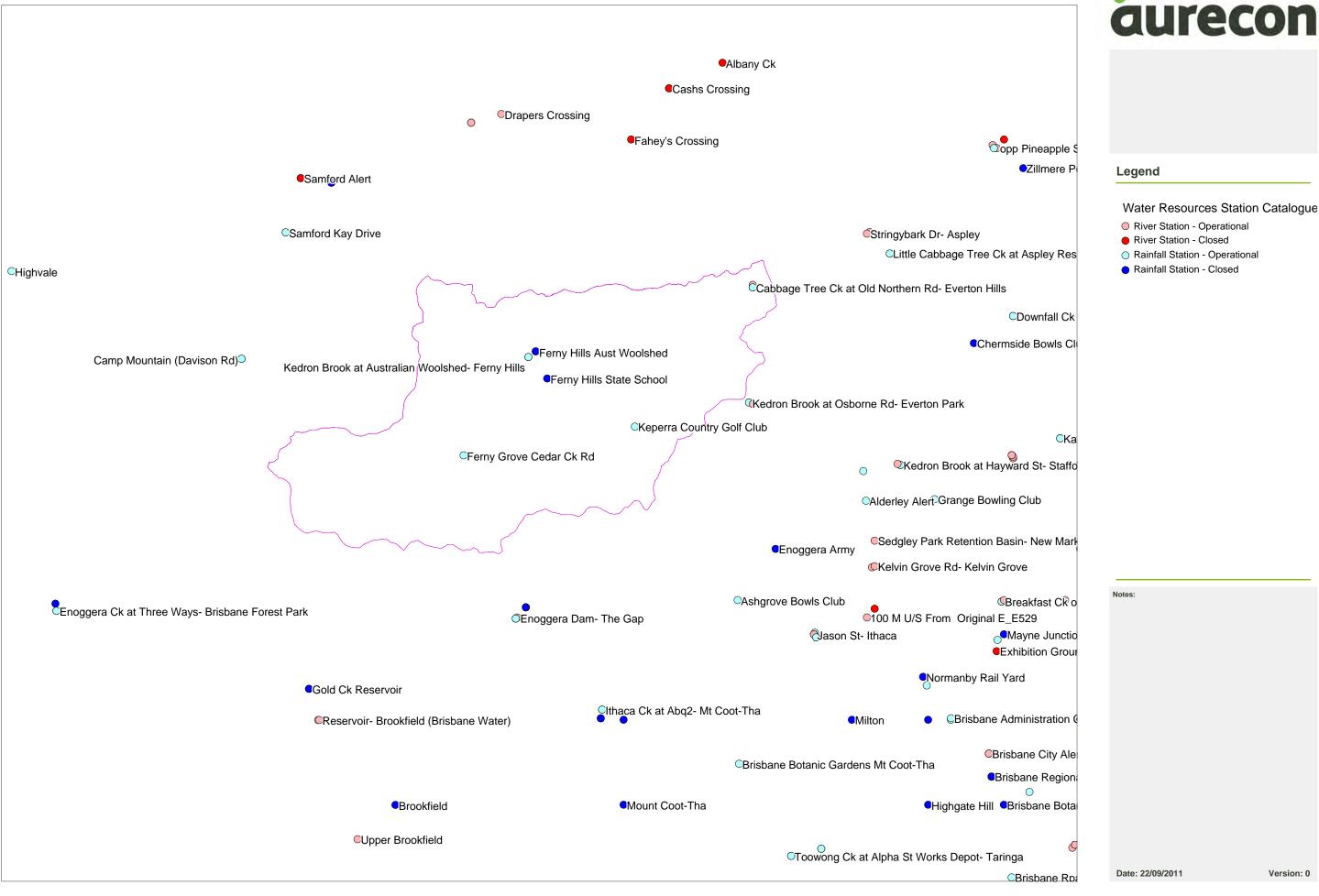
Rainfall data is used to provide input to a hydrologic model regarding the amount, spatial variation and timing of rainfall during a storm event.

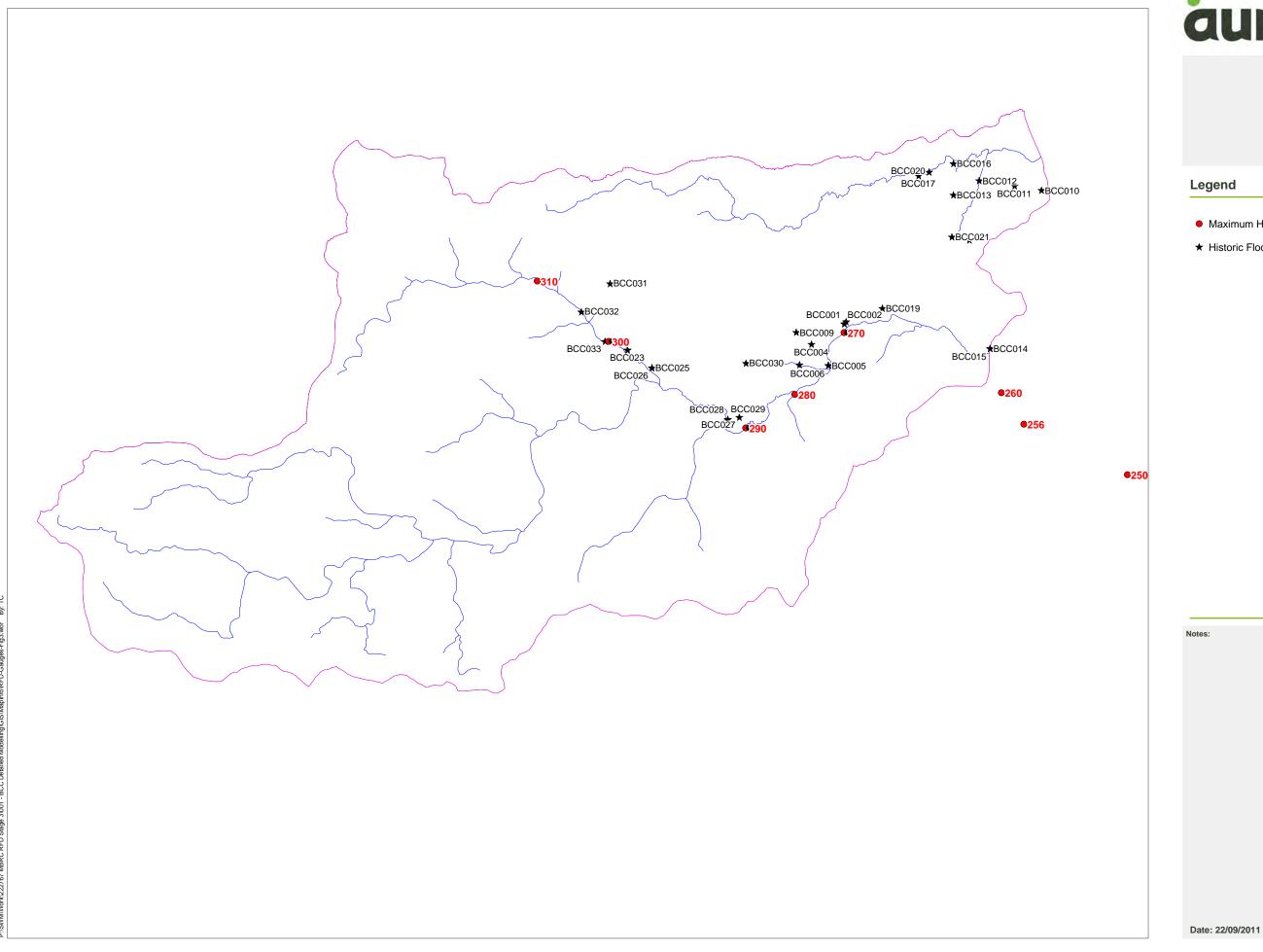
Rainfall station locations have been sourced from Moreton Bay Regional Council (MBRC) and the Bureau of Meteorology's (BoM) Water Resources Station Catalogue (WRSC). The gauge locations obtained from these sources are shown in Figure 3 and Figure 4 respectively. There are two types of rainfall stations:

- Alert station (or pluviometer) rainfall is recorded in short duration intervals (as short as 6 minutes) providing rainfall patterns through the duration of a rainfall event
- Daily station total rainfall during the course of a day is recorded (9am to 9am)

The alert stations and daily stations within the zone of influence have been provided in Table 2 and Table 3 respectively. The rainfall data has not yet been sourced for these stations.







Scale 1:4 000 (m) (@ A3 size)



Legend

- Maximum Height Gauge Location
- ★ Historic Flood Mark Location

Table 2 Alert/Pluviograph Stations

Gauge Name	Gauge Owner/ Data Source	Operational Start Date	Operational Finish Date
Samford	SEQWC/BoM	April 1995	Still operational
Samford Village	MBRC	Unknown	Unknown
Ferny Hills (Kedron Brook at Australian Woolshed)	всс	June 1994	March 2009
Ferny Hills (Upper Kedron Recreational Reserve)	всс	October 2009	Still operational
Everton Hills (Cabbage Tree Creek at Old Northern Road)	BCC	May 1994	Still operational
Mitchelton (Kedron Brook at Osborne Road)	BCC	March 1994	Still operational
Enoggera Dam (Enoggera Creek at Enoggera Dam)	BCC	May 1994	Still operational

Table 3 Daily Rainfall Stations

Gauge Name	Gauge Owner/Data Source	Operational Start Date	Operational Finish Date
Camp Mountain (Davison Road)	ВоМ	1926	Still operational
Ferny Grove Cedar Creek Road	ВоМ	February 1982	Still operational
Ferny Hills State School	ВоМ	April 1964	December 1973
Keperra Country Golf Club	ВоМ	September 1972	Still operational
Enoggera Reservoir	ВоМ	1870	November 1996

Table 2 and Table 3 show that daily rainfall records are available from 1870 onwards and pluviograph records are available since 1994 onwards.

2.3 Historic flood marks

Historical flood marks are an important part of calibrating a hydraulic model as they provide information regarding the variation in water levels across a floodplain. Table 4 presents the historic flood mark data which is available from MBRC and Table 5 presents the historic flood mark data which is available from Brisbane City Council. The data in both these tables is sorted by the date that the mark was recorded. Figure 5 shows the locations of these flood marks within the BCC minor basin.

Table 4 MBRC Historical Flood Marks

Mark ID	Street	Suburb	Date	Recorded Level
BCC004	Grove Avenue	Arana Hills	1967	44.81
BCC005	Jane Street	Arana Hills	1967	43.63
BCC008	Jane Street	Arana Hills	1967	44.67
BCC009	Leslie Street	Arana Hills	1967	48.81
BCC010	Bennetts Road	Everton Hills	1967	55.81
BCC011	Bennetts Road	Everton Hills	1967	46.42

Mark ID	Street	Suburb	Date	Recorded Level
BCC012	Bennetts Road	Everton Hills	1967	47.98
BCC013	Bunya Road	Everton Hills	1967	51.95
BCC016	Elizabeth Street	Everton Hills	1967	48.31
BCC017	John Street	Everton Hills	1967	50.43
BCC020	Peter Street	Everton Hills	1967	49.20
BCC021	Timms Road	Everton Hills	1967	59.61
BCC022	Timms Road	Everton Hills	1967	59.94
BCC023	Ferny Way	Ferny Hills	1967	55.74
BCC025	Illuta Avenue	Ferny Hills	1967	52.83
BCC033	Samford Road	Ferny Hills	1967	55.93
BCC003	Dawson Parade	Arana Hills	1970	41.56
BCC006	Jane Street	Arana Hills	1970	43.54
BCC014	Camelia Avenue	Everton Hills	1970	34.88
BCC028	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	1970	48.68
BCC001	Dawson Parade	Arana Hills	1972	41.77
BCC015	Camelia Avenue	Everton Hills	1972	35.21
BCC002	Dawson Parade	Arana Hills	1974	42.60
BCC007	Jane Street	Arana Hills	1974	42.90
BCC018	Oleria Street	Everton Hills	1974	37.47
BCC019	Oleria Street West	Everton Hills	1974	41.01
BCC024	Ferny Way	Ferny Hills	1974	56.21
BCC026	Illuta Avenue	Ferny Hills	1974	51.14
BCC027	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	1974	50.40
BCC029	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	1974	50.78
BCC030	Kylie Avenue	Ferny Hills	1974	47.42
BCC031	Palall Crescent	Ferny Hills	1974	65.29
BCC032	Samford Road	Ferny Hills	1974	57.22

Table 5 Brisbane City Council Historical Flood Marks

Maximum Height Gauge	Street	Suburb	Date	Recorded Level
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	05-May-80	47.30
300	Samford Rd	Ferny Grove	05-May-80	55.87
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	03-Nov-81	47.33
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	20-Jan-82	46.78
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	08-Apr-84	47.55
270	Dawson Parade	Keperra	04-Apr-88	40.22

Maximum Height Gauge	Street	Suburb	Date	Recorded Level
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	04-Apr-88	47.40
300	Samford Rd	Ferny Grove	04-Apr-88	55.68
270	Dawson Parade	Keperra	21-Feb-92	40.80
300	Samford Rd	Ferny Grove	21-Feb-92	55.85
310	Rangleigh Street	Ferny Grove	17-Mar-92	59.90
270	Dawson Parade	Keperra	19-Jan-94	40.98
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	19-Jan-94	47.39
300	Samford Rd	Ferny Grove	19-Jan-94	55.67
270	Dawson Parade	Keperra	03-May-96	40.27
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	03-May-96	47.55
300	Samford Rd	Ferny Grove	03-May-96	55.77
310	Rangleigh Street	Ferny Grove	03-May-96	59.90
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	09-Mar-01	47.12
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	05-Mar-04	47.59
280	Pearse Street	Keperra	20-Nov-08	45.32
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	20-Nov-08	48.27
300	Samford Rd	Ferny Grove	20-Nov-08	56.04
270	Dawson Parade	Keperra	20-May-09	40.60*
280	Pearse Street	Keperra	20-May-09	45.46
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	20-May-09	48.33
300	Samford Rd	Ferny Grove	20-May-09	55.80
310	Rangleigh Street	Ferny Grove	20-May-09	59.57*
270	Dawson Parade	Keperra	11-Oct-10	40.95*
280	Pearse Street	Keperra	11-Oct-10	45.21
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	11-Oct-10	48.59
300	Samford Rd	Ferny Grove	11-Oct-10	56.20
310	Rangleigh Street	Ferny Grove	11-Oct-10	60.57*

^{*} Indicates debris-affected readings

Table 4 shows that the historical flood marks available from MBRC all occurred prior to 1975. Table 5 shows that Brisbane City Council has five maximum height gauge locations along Kedron Brook and records for these gauges are available between 1980 and 2010.

Flood events

3.1 Possible events for calibration/validation

The data presented in Section 2 shows that coinciding stream gauge, rainfall and maximum height gauge records are available in the Kedron Brook catchment from 1994 onwards. There are four events in which data was recorded at more than one maximum height gauge. These events occurred in May 1996, November 2008, May 2009 and October 2011. These events are therefore the best possible events for calibration and/or validation in this catchment.

In the Cabbage Tree Creek catchment, flood marks are only available for events prior to installation of the Collins Road stream gauge.

Figure 6 below presents the time series data for the four Kedron Brook events. These have been overlain to show how the event characteristics (timing, volume etc) compare. The May 1996 event has the greatest volume, the longest duration and the smallest peak of the four events. The November 2008 event had a small initial peak, then a short duration second peak. The May 2009 event had the highest peak of the four events.

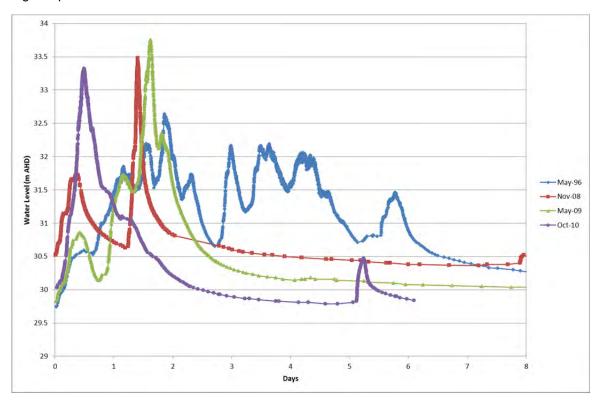


Figure 6 Recorded Water Levels in Kedron Brook at Osborne Road

Figure 7 shows the recorded water levels in the Cabbage Tree Creek for the same four events. These events all had a peak discharge of similar magnitude; however the 1996 event carried a much great volume of water and was a multi-peak event, similar to the same event in the Kedron Brook catchment.

Figure 8 shows a longitudinal profile of the recorded maximum height gauge levels along Kedron Brook. The readings for MHG 310 and MHG 270 were debris-affected for the May 2009 and October 2010 events.

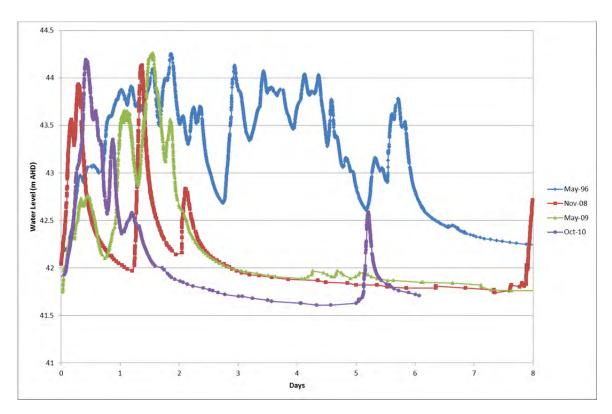


Figure 7 Recorded Water Levels in Cabbage Tree Creek at Collins Road (Old Northern Road)

Figure 8 shows that the May 1996 event is generally the smallest event. The other three events produced similar levels throughout the central part of the catchment. At MHG 270 and MHG 310, the May 1996 level is the only available level which is not debris-affected.

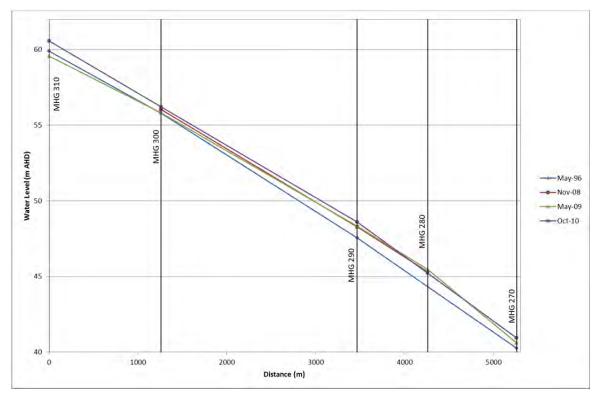


Figure 8 Recorded Peak Water Levels in Kedron Brook

3.2 Feasibility of calibration/validation

In order to achieve a good calibration it is desirable to have rainfall (pluviograph), stream gauge and recorded flood levels throughout a catchment.

For the Cabbage Tree Creek catchment:

- Rainfall data from the Ferny Hills and Everton Hills pluviograph stations is available from June
 1994 onwards
- Stream gauge data for the Collins Road (Old Northern Road) stream gauge at the downstream boundary of the catchment is available from June 1994 onwards
- No recorded historical flood levels are available within the timeframes that rainfall and stream gauge data are available

For the Kedron Brook catchment:

- Rainfall (pluviograph) data is available from June 1994 onwards
- Stream gauge data for the Osborne Road stream gauge (approximately 600m downstream of the model area) is available from March 1994 onwards
- Recorded flood levels are available at 5 locations for the May 1996 event. Reliable (ie not debrisaffected) recorded flood levels are available at three locations for the November 2008, May 2009 and October 2010 events

The lack of rating curves for these gauges would make stand-alone calibration of the hydrologic model impossible. With the available data, it would be possible to undertake a joint calibration of the hydrologic and hydraulic models at their downstream boundaries (if the downstream boundary of the Kedron Brook reach is moved to Osborne Road). It would also be possible to calibrate the predicted peak water levels in Kedron Brook to a few locations (maximum 5).



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2

1. Introduction

1.1 Study objective

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Stage 1 of the project was completed in July 2010 and involved a number of sub-projects. These projects delivered consistent processes and protocols for the detailed hydrologic and hydraulic model development. A key sub-project involved the development of broadscale hydrodynamic models for each minor basin to provide general understanding of flooding mechanisms and allow prioritisation of data capture.

Stage 2 of the project involves the development of detailed hydrologic and hydraulic models for each minor basin and is currently nearing completion.

Stage 3 includes development of a further two detailed models (currently underway). Stage 3 will then build on the detailed models and "add value" through assessment of flood damages and community resilience measures.

1.2 Validation report objective

This report details the validation of the Brisbane Coastal Creeks (BCC) minor basin TUFLOW model. This minor basin covers the upper ends of the Cabbage Tree Creek and Kedron Brook catchments. The northern portion of this minor basin lies within the Moreton Bay Region and the southern portion lies within the Brisbane City region, with the upper reaches of Kedron Brook running along the region divide.

This basin is largely urbanised, with only the upper reaches remaining forested. Flows are generally contained within the creek corridor or adjacent low lying land, with very little floodplain evident in this minor basin within the Moreton Bay region.

Aurecon's Calibration and Validation Feasibility Report indicated that a standalone calibration of the hydrologic model would not be possible with the available data. Therefore, in conjunction with MBRC, it was decided to perform a joint validation exercise for the hydrologic and hydraulic models to a single historical event. MBRC determined that the BCC TUFLOW model should be validated to the October 2010 event.

2. Available data – October 2010 event

2.1 Rainfall data

Rainfall data is used to provide input to a hydrologic model regarding the quantity, spatial variation and timing of rainfall during a storm event. To represent the rainfall during the October 2010 event, rainfall records from four gauges were used. Rainfall records from alert station (or pluviometer gauges) were used. For these stations rainfall is recorded in short duration intervals (as short as 6 minutes) providing rainfall patterns throughout the duration of a rainfall event.

The four gauges used are listed in Table 1 and their locations can be seen in Figure A1. Data for all four gauges was sourced from Brisbane City Council and this data provides an adequate representation of rainfall across the catchment.

Table 1 | Alert/pluviograph stations

Gauge name	Gauge owner/ data source	Station number
Ferny Hills (Upper Kedron Recreational Reserve)	BCC	1545
Everton Hills (Cabbage Tree Creek at Old Northern Road)	BCC	1572
Mitchelton (Kedron Brook at Osborne Road)	BCC	1539
Enoggera Dam (Enoggera Creek at Enoggera Dam)	BCC	1533

The recorded cumulative rainfall depths in millimetres (mm) for these four gauges can be seen in Figure 1. This figure shows that there is limited rainfall preceding the rainfall event on 10 October 2012. On 10 October at around 8 pm there was a dramatic increase in the intensity of the rainfall which continued until approximately 12 pm on 11 October. During this period cumulative rain depths increased from 62 mm to 290 mm at the Upper Kedron Recreational Reserve gauge which is in near centre of the catchment area.

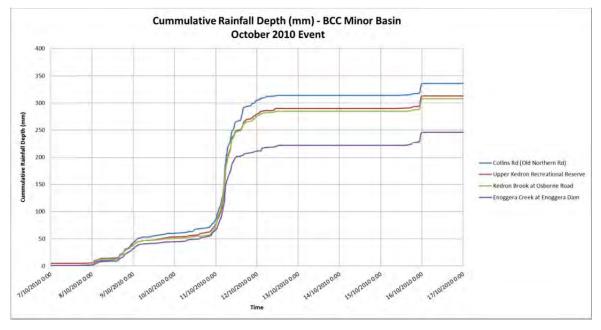


Figure 1 | Cumulative rainfall depths (mm) BCC minor basin October 2010 event

2.2 Stream gauge data

Stream gauge data (recorded water level with respect to time) can be used to calibrate a hydraulic model through comparisons of recorded and predicted water levels over time at the gauge location. Two stream gauges are located close to the downstream boundary of the BCC minor basin. The available data at these locations is presented in Table 2. This data was sourced from Brisbane City Council and no rating curves are available for these gauges.

Table 2 | Stream gauge stations

Gauge name	Gauge owner/data source	Operational start date	Operational finish date
Collins Road (Old Northern Road)	Brisbane City Council	27 June 1994	Still operational Data sourced up to 31 December 2010
Osborne Road	Brisbane City Council	9 May 1994	Still operational Data sourced up to 31 December 2010

2.3 Maximum height gauges

Spatial matching of peak water levels is an important part of calibrating a hydraulic model as this provides information regarding the variation in water levels across a floodplain. Brisbane City Council maintains a network of maximum height gauges across its regional area and six maximum height gauges are located in the upper Kedron Brook catchment. Table 3 presents the maximum height gauge data which is available from Brisbane City Council. Figure A1 displays the locations of these flood marks within the BCC minor basin.

Table 3 | Brisbane City Council historical flood marks

Maximum height gauge No.	Street	Suburb	October 2010 event recorded level (m AHD)
260	Osborne Road	Keperra	32.71
270	Dawson Parade	Keperra	40.95*
280	Pearse Street	Keperra	45.21
290	Kuringal Drive	Ferny Hills	48.59
300	Samford Road	Ferny Grove	56.20
310	Rangleigh Street	Ferny Grove	60.57*

^{*} Indicates debris-affected readings

3. Modelling

3.1 Hydrologic model

To represent the rainfall in the hydrologic model, the rainfall records were discretised into five minute intervals. The base WBNM model as provided by MBRC was used in this assessment, with three additional sub-catchments added at the downstream end of Kedron Brook. These were added so the hydrologic and hydraulic model extents would match. The hydrologic model was run for the 48 hours from 8 pm on 8 October 2010 to 8 pm on 12 October 2010.

3.2 Hydraulic model

The BCC TUFLOW model for the validation modelling is consistent with the TUFLOW model set up for the design event assessment. The only modification was the addition of three SA inflows to represent the additional downstream Kedron Brook sub-catchments added into the hydrologic model. No other parameters were changed. The development of the hydraulic model will be outlined in the Modelling Quality Report.

4. Results

4.1 Hydrograph comparison at the river gauge locations

Figure 2 and Figure 3 present a comparison of recorded and modelled water levels at the Osborne Road gauge on Kedron Brook and the Collins Road (Old Northern Road) gauge on Cabbage Tree Creek. These figures show that the timing at both gauges compares very well between the recorded and modelled flood event. The model overestimates the peak water level by approximately 850 mm at the Osborne Road Gauge and 200 mm at the Collins Road Gauge.

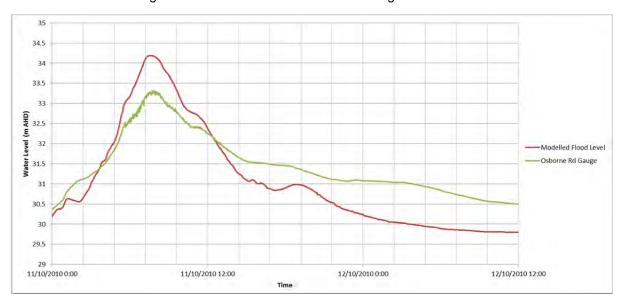


Figure 2 | Recorded and modelled hydrograph at Osborne Road gauge

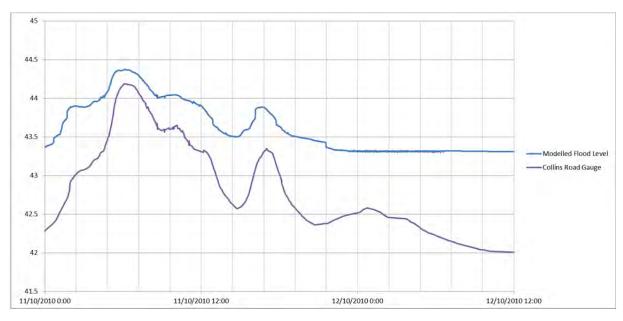


Figure 3 | Recorded and modelled hydrograph at Old Northern Road gauge

4.2 Maximum height gauges

Table 4 shows the recorded and modelled peak water levels at the six maximum gauges along Kedron Brook. Generally the model compares relatively well with the gauges and the flood extent of the event can be seen in Figure A2. Gauge 310 which is located on an upper reach of Kedron Brook shows a difference of approximately 500 mm which is most likely attributed to the fact that flood waters in this area are generally confined to a narrow channel. No bathymetric data has been included for this channel; therefore it is possible that the conveyance capacity in this reach of the creek is being underestimated in the model. The model at gauges 300, 290 and 280 are within 300 mm of the recorded levels. At Gauge 270 and 260 the model over predicts the flood levels. There appears to be a general trend for increasing overestimation of peak water levels towards the lower end of the model. Floodwaters in the lower reaches are also confined to the channel and as outlined previously, the conveyance capacity in these areas may be underestimated by the model.

Table 4 | Model results compared to maximum height gauges

Maximum height gauge	Street	Recorded peak water level (m AHD)	Modelled peak water level (m AHD)	Difference (m)
260	Osborne Road	32.71	33.93	+1.22
270	Dawson Parade	40.95*	41.56	+0.61
280	Pearse Street	45.21	45.48	+0.27
290	Kuringal Drive	48.59	48.51	-0.08
300	Samford Road	56.20	56.26	+0.06
310	Rangleigh Street	60.57*	61.04	+0.47

^{*} Indicates debris-affected readings

Figure 4 presents a longitudinal plot of the recorded peak water levels against the modelled flood levels. This plot confirms that the model is predicting the recorded water levels relatively well, with the over estimation of peak water levels at the downstream end of the model.

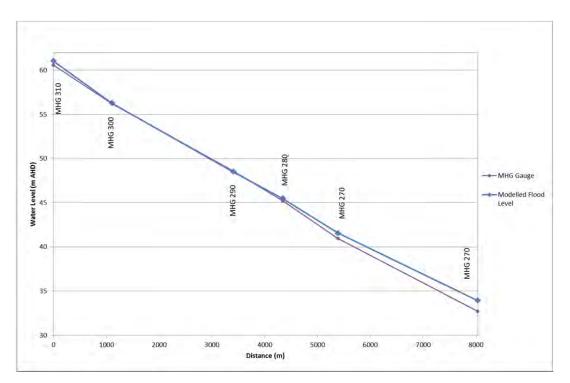


Figure 4 | Comparison of maximum height gauge and modelled peak water levels

The difference in recorded flood levels and the modelled flood levels are presented in Figure 5 below. The model is over predicting water levels.

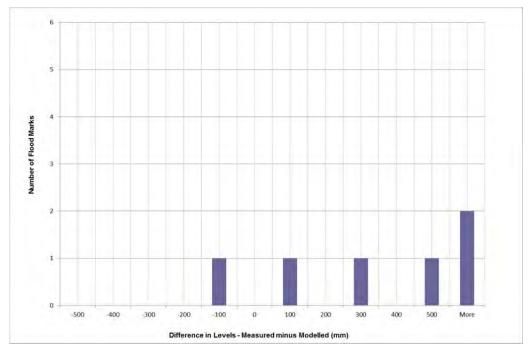


Figure 5 | Height gauge histogram

5. Discussion

The Brisbane Coastal Creeks model generally represents the timing and peak water levels of the October 2010 event well with an overestimation of peak water levels in the lower reaches. The Brisbane Coastal Creeks model covers only one minor basin in the Moreton Bay Region. Under the direction of Council, the catchments in this region have been modelled with a uniform approach, using a standard set of modelling parameters. This holistic approach does not encourage use of minor basin or catchment specific modelling parameters. For this reason it is considered that the validation results obtained for the BCC model are within acceptable limits.

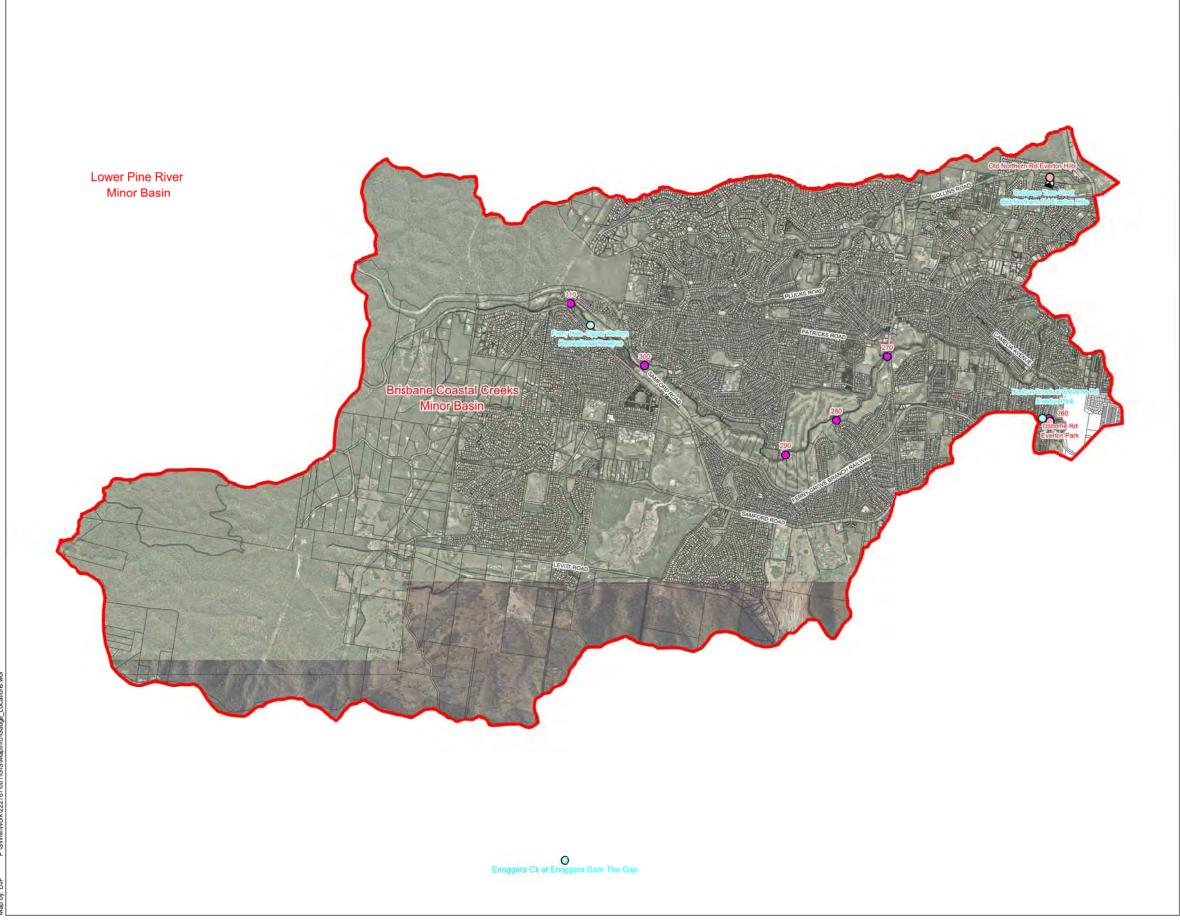
Appendices



Appendix A Additional figures

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Notes

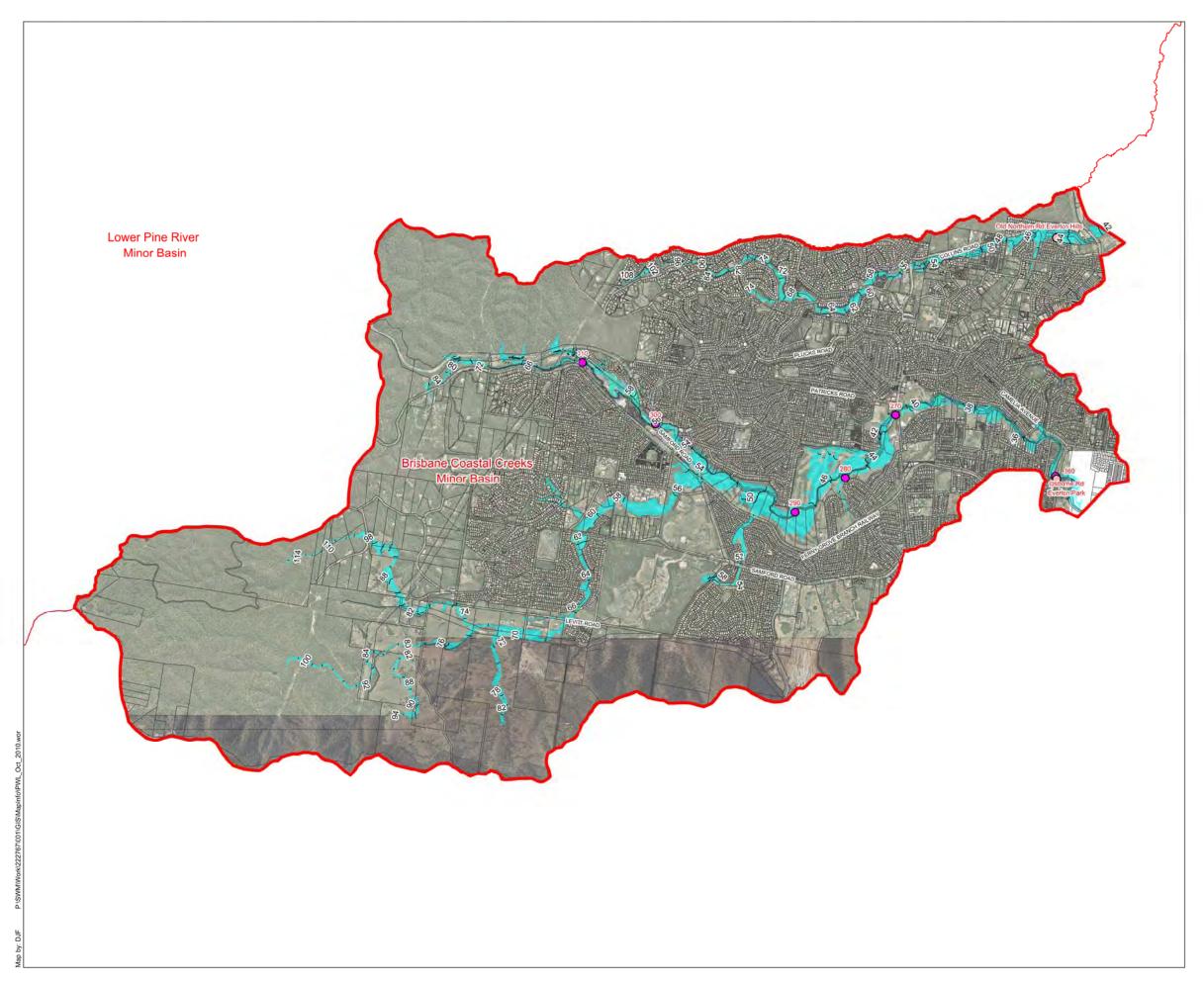
This figure is based on information provided to Aurecon by Moreton Bay Regional Council (MBRC) and other parties. Although the provider of the information has not warranted the accuracy of the data and has waived liability in respect of its use, Aurecon's study was undertaken strictly on the basis that the information that has been provided is accurate, complete and adequate. Aurecon takes no responsibility and disclaims all liability whatsoever for any loss or damage that MBRC may suffer resulting from any conclusions based on information provided to Aurecon, except to the extent that Aurecon expressly indicates in the associated report that it has verified the information to its satisfaction.

A3 scale 1:40,000 0 1000 m 2,000 m

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RFD Detailed Modelling (BCC)







Notes:

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