9.4.1.8 Limited development zone

9.4.1.8.1 Purpose - Limited development zone

- The purpose of this part of the Reconfiguring a lot code is to facilitate and manage the outcomes of development for reconfiguring a lot and its associated Operational Works in the Limited development zone, to achieve the Overall Outcomes.
- The purpose of this part of the code will be achieved through the overall outcomes as identified in Part 9.4.1 -2. Reconfiguring a lot code and the following additional Limited development zone specific overall outcomes:
- Reconfiguring a lot in the Limited development zone is for Park⁽⁵⁷⁾ or Permanent plantation⁽⁵⁹⁾ purposes only or a. ensures that lots have sufficient area outside of the zone for development consistent in the adjoining zone.
- Reconfiguring a lot avoids areas subject to constraint, limitation, or environmental values. Where reconfiguring b. a lot cannot avoid these identified areas, it responds by:
 - i. adopting a 'least risk, least impact' approach when designing, siting and locating development to minimise the potential risk to people, property and the environment;
 - ii. ensuring no further instability, erosion or degradation of the land, water or soil resource;
 - maintaining environmental values, including natural, ecological, biological, aquatic, hydrological and amenity values, and enhancing these values through the provision of environmental offsets, landscaping and facilitating safe wildlife movement through the environment;
 - protecting native species and protecting and enhancing native species habitat; iv.
 - protecting and preserving the natural, aesthetic, architectural historic and cultural values of significant trees, places, objects and buildings of heritage and cultural significance;
 - establishing effective separation distances, buffers and mitigation measures associated with major infrastructure to minimise adverse effects on sensitive land uses from noise, dust and other nuisance generating activities;
 - ensuring it promotes and does not undermine the ongoing viability, integrity, operation, maintenance and safety of major infrastructure;
 - viii. Ensuring effective and efficient disaster management response and recovery capabilities.
- The Reconfiguring a lot, Operational works associated with the Reconfiguring a lot, and uses expected to occur C. as a result of the Reconfiguring a lot:
 - i. responds to the risk presented by overland flow and minimises risk to personal safety;
 - is resilient to overland flow impacts by ensuring the siting and design accounts for the potential risks to ii. property associated with overland flow;
 - does not impact on the conveyance of overland flow up to and including the Overland Flow Defined Flood iii. Event:
 - directly, indirectly and cumulatively avoids an increase in the severity of overland flow and potential for damage on the premises or to a surrounding property.
- Reconfiguring a lot achieves the intent and purpose of the Limited development zone outcomes as identified in d. Part 6.

9.4.1.8.2 Requirement for assessment

Part L - Criteria for assessable development - Limited development zone

Where development is categorised as assessable development - code assessment in the Table of Assessment, the assessment benchmarks are the criteria set out in Part L, Table 9.4.1.8.1 as well as the purpose statement and overall outcomes of this code.

Where development is categorised as assessable development - impact assessable, the assessment benchmarks become the whole of the planning scheme.

Table 9.4.1.8.1 Assessable development - Limited development zone

Performance outcomes	Examples that achieve aspects of the Performance Outcomes	
General criteria		
PO1 Reconfiguring a lot does not create lots wholly contained within the Limited development zone unless for the purposes of Park ⁽⁵⁷⁾ or Permanent plantation ⁽⁵⁹⁾ .	No example provided.	
Reconfiguring for any purpose other than Park ⁽⁵⁷⁾ or Permanent plantation ⁽⁵⁹⁾ ensures appropriate building area outside of the Limited development zone to support land uses consistent with the adjoining zone.	No example provided.	
Boundary realignment		
PO3 Boundary alignments ensure that infrastructure and services are wholly contained within the lot they serve.	No example provided.	
Boundary realignment does not result in existing land uses on-site becoming non-compliant with planning scheme requirements. Note - Examples may include but are not limited to: a. minimum lot size requirements; b. setbacks; c. parking and access requirements; d. servicing and Infrastructure requirements; e. dependant elements of an existing or approved land use being separately titled, including but not limited to: i. Where premises is approved as Multiple dwelling with a communal open space area, the communal open space cannot be separately titled as it is required by the Multiple dwelling approval. ii. Where a commercial or industrial land use contains an ancillary office as it is considered part of the commercial or industrial use. iii. Where a Dwelling house 122 includes a secondary dwelling or associated outbuildings, they cannot be separately titled as they are dependent on the Dwelling house 122 use.	No example provided.	

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PO5	No example provided.
Boundary realignment results in lots which have appropriate size, dimensions and access to cater for uses consistent with the zone.	
PO6	No example provided.
Boundary realignment does not place future development in areas of increased natural hazard risk, unless for Park ⁽⁵⁷⁾ or Permanent plantation ⁽⁵⁹⁾ .	
Note - The Flood Hazard Overlay and Coastal Hazard Overlay allocate areas of risk for development within the respective flood planning area and coastal planning area.	