# APPENDIX D

#### **COPYRIGHT NOTICE**



This document, Hydrologic and Hydraulic Modelling - Redcliffe (RED), is licensed under the <u>Creative Commons</u> <u>Attribution 4.0 Licence</u>, unless otherwise indicated.

#### Please give attribution to: © Moreton Bay Regional Council 2016

We also request that you observe and retain any notices that may accompany this material as part of the attribution.

#### Notice Identifying Other Material and/or Rights in this Publication:

The author of this document has taken steps to both identify third-party material and secure permission for its reproduction and reuse. However, please note that where these materials are not licensed under a Creative Commons licence or similar terms of use, you should obtain permission from the rights holder to reuse their material beyond the ways you are permitted to use them under the <u>Copyright Act 1968</u>. Where third party material is used, this has been identified within the document. Please also see the Table of References.

#### **Further Information**

For further information about the copyright in this document, please contact: Moreton Bay Regional Council PO Box 159 CABOOLTURE QLD 4510 Email: <u>mbrc@moretonbay.qld.gov.au</u> Phone: (07) 3205 0555

#### DISCLAIMER

The <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 Licence</u> contains a Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitation of Liability. In addition: This flood study and its associated models and data were produced by BMT WBM Pty Ltd for Moreton Bay Regional Council only. The views expressed in the study are those of the author(s) alone, and do not necessarily represent the views of the Moreton Bay Regional Council. <u>Reuse of this study or its</u> <u>associated data by anyone for any other purpose could result in error and/or loss</u>. You should obtain professional advice before making decisions based upon the contents of this document.

## APPENDIX D: MODELLING QUALITY REPORT





### **Technical Note**

From:	Richard Sharpe	To:	Moreton Bay Regional Council
Date:	18 May 2012	CC:	

Subject: Modelling Quality Report; Redcliffe

## 1 Background

As part of Moreton Bay Regional Council's (MBRC) Regional Floodplain Database (RFD) project, a detailed TUFLOW model of the Redcliffe catchment has been developed. This technical note has been prepared to demonstrate that the Redcliffe model has been reviewed, that the model performance is suitable for the intended use and that the sensibility of the results has been checked.

## 2 Model Development Process

The following procedure has been implemented in the development of the model:

- 1 A site visit was undertaken prior to commencing development of the model to gain an appreciation for the catchment;
- 2 An infrastructure assessment was undertaken. A report was produced from this assessment and submitted to MBRC for their consideration on structure data requirements. This approach ensured that sufficient data was captured for the level of accuracy required from the model;
- 3 The catchment delineation used in the hydrology was reviewed. This review indicated that the catchment delineation was suitable;
- 4 A draft TUFLOW model was developed, focussing on the 100 year ARI flood event, and submitted to MBRC for review (on 18<sup>th</sup> May 2011);
- 5 MBRC provided feedback from their review of the TUFLOW model on 7<sup>th</sup> July 2011. Alterations following this review are discussed later in this note;
- 6 A final model was developed and used to simulate all the design and sensitivity events; and
- 7 Further checking was undertaken to ensure that the model was suitable for simulating the full range of flood events.

Throughout model development, model stability, warnings messages and mass errors were monitored to ensure that the model performance was acceptable. Careful attention was provided to ensuring that flow through the 1D structure elements in the model was stable, as well as flow across the floodplain in the 2D domain.

## 3 Model Amendments – Post Draft Model Review

Various enhancements were recommended by both BMT WBM and MBRC following development of the draft model. The following changes were implemented:

1 MBRC were concerned that the flood behaviour did not match up to expectations in some areas; based on anecdotal evidence and their knowledge of the catchment. The hypothesis for this discrepancy was that in some areas the spread of flood water may be significantly influenced by the storm water drainage network, which was not included in the model. To resolve this issue, MBRC provided storm water network details for

specific portions of the catchment, which were appended to the 1D model network with associated links to the 2D domain at stormwater pits;

- 2 The edge of the model extent in the south east corner of the catchment intersected the extent of flooding in the model; i.e. the model limit was not extensive enough, and blocked the spread of floodwater. The active area in the 2D domain was therefore extended in the south eastern corner.
- 3 Additional survey data was used to update the details on some structures, including Humpybong Drain.

Particular consideration was given to the arrangement of the outfall on Humpybong Drain. This structure is important as it controls the flow through Humpybong Creek. MBRC surveyed the structure, which includes a weir at its entrance to develop supercritical flow conditions through the entrance of the outfall culvert. The outfall structure was designed to convey approximately 27m<sup>3</sup>/s (email communication with Hester van Zijl – 22 December 2011), which is similar to the flow capacity achieved in the TUFLOW model (see Figure 1).

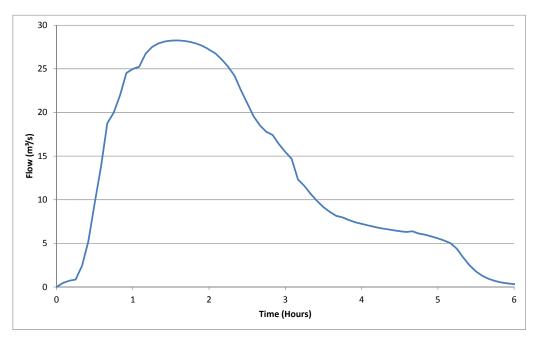


Figure 1: Flow through Humpybong Outfall (100 year ARI; 1 hour storm duration)

#### 4 Additional Amendments

Additional amendments were necessary for simulating the extreme events. The extent of the active 2D domain was further extended to ensure that the PMF flows were fully captured. Sharp 'kinks' in the downstream boundary were smoothened, to eliminate instabilities that occurred during large tidal events (i.e. for sensitivity tests on the downstream boundary).

#### 5 Model Performance

The following model performance checks have been undertaken:

- Stability of flow through key structures (e.g. Figure 1) was checked during model development. The
  arrangement of SX connections, structures and embankments has been edited to ensure that stable flows
  have been achieved where necessary;
- TUFLOW warning messages have been minimised. A few negative depth warning messages remain on steep parts of the catchment. But these are localised and limited to short time periods in the overall simulation; and
- Mass balance errors have been minimised. Mass balance errors range from 0.1% for the extreme and large events to 0.7% for the small flood events.

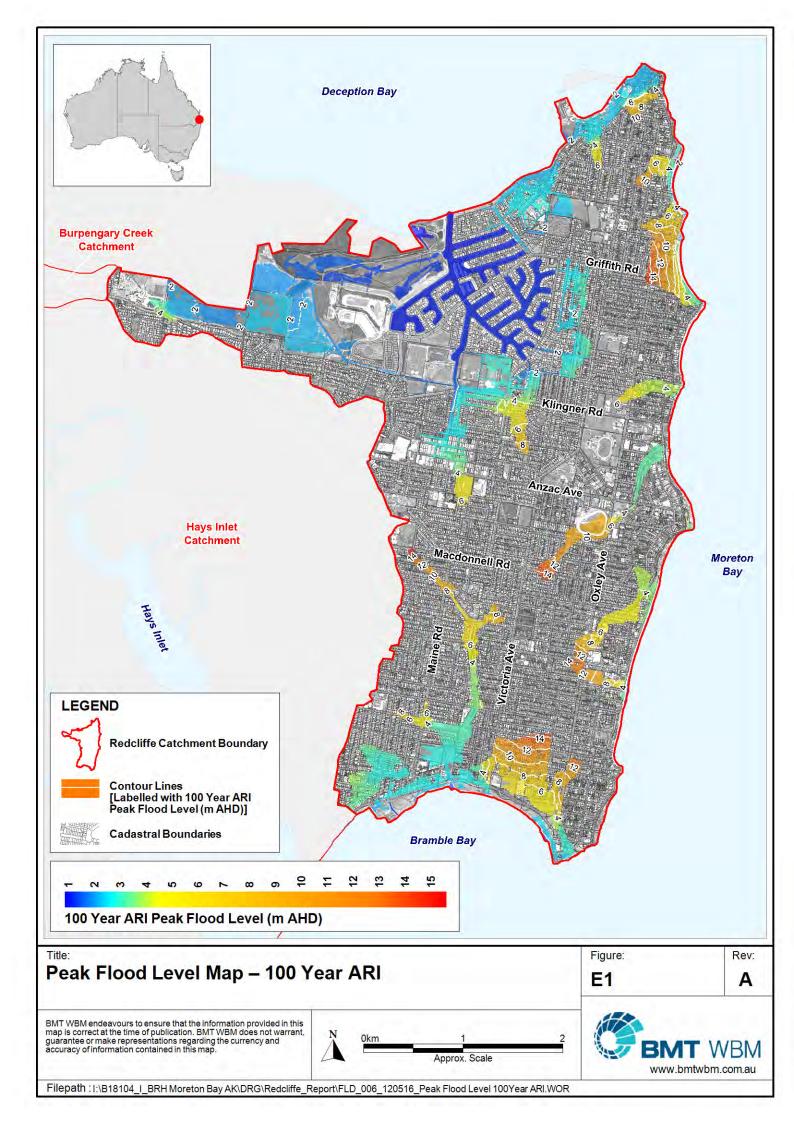
### 6 Conclusion

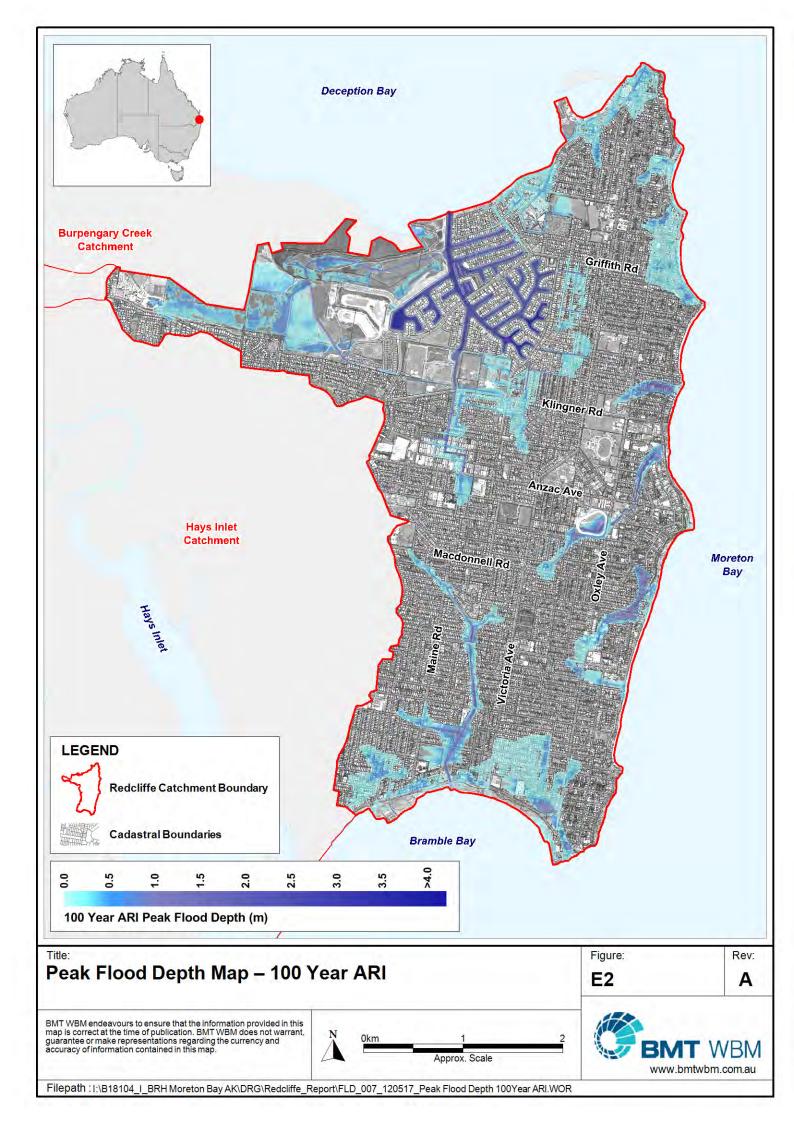
The Redcliffe model has been developed with due consideration given to ensuring the quality of the model. The model has been reviewed internally and externally by MBRC. Amendments have been made in light of these reviews, and the overall model performance is suitable for the intended use of the model.

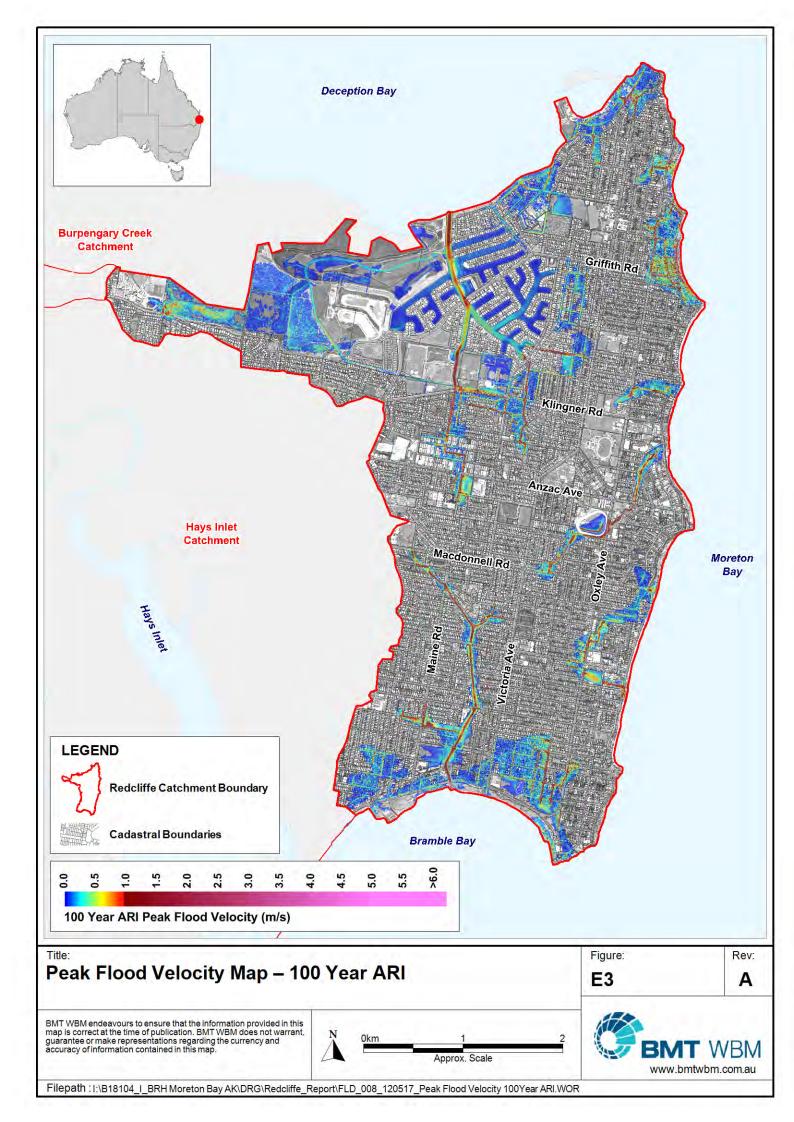
# APPENDIX E

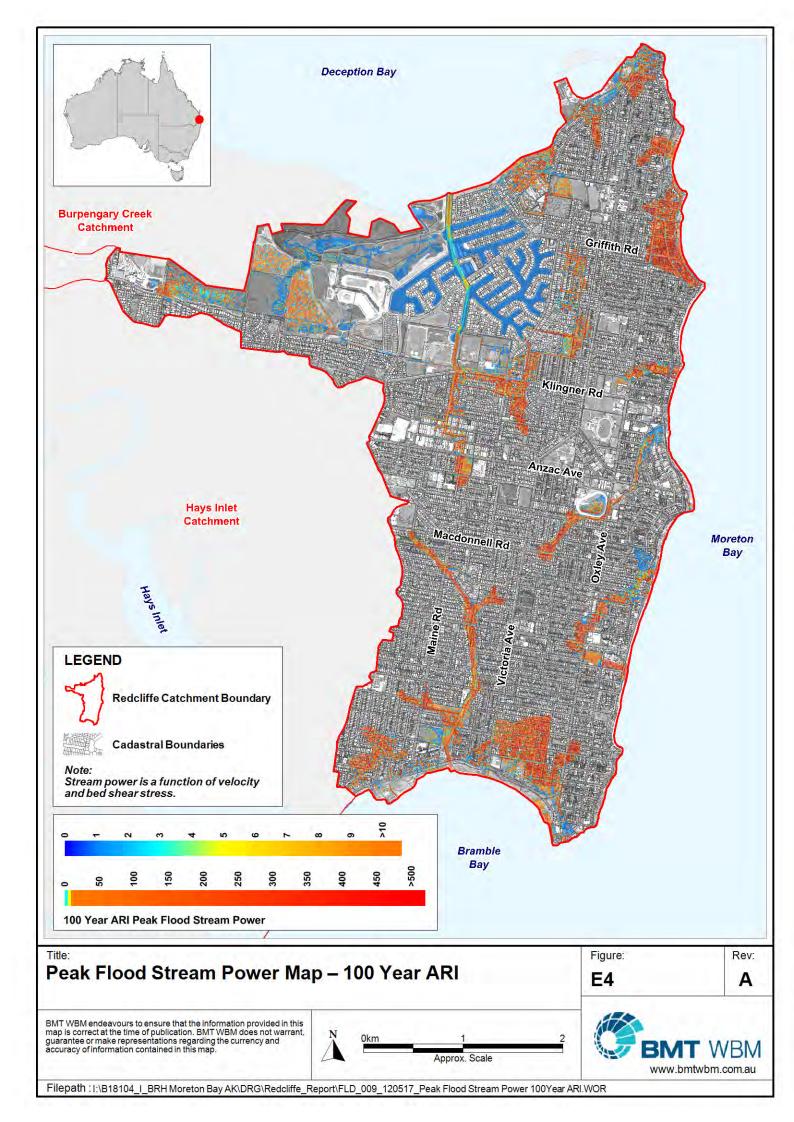
## APPENDIX E: FLOOD MAPS – 100 YEAR ARI

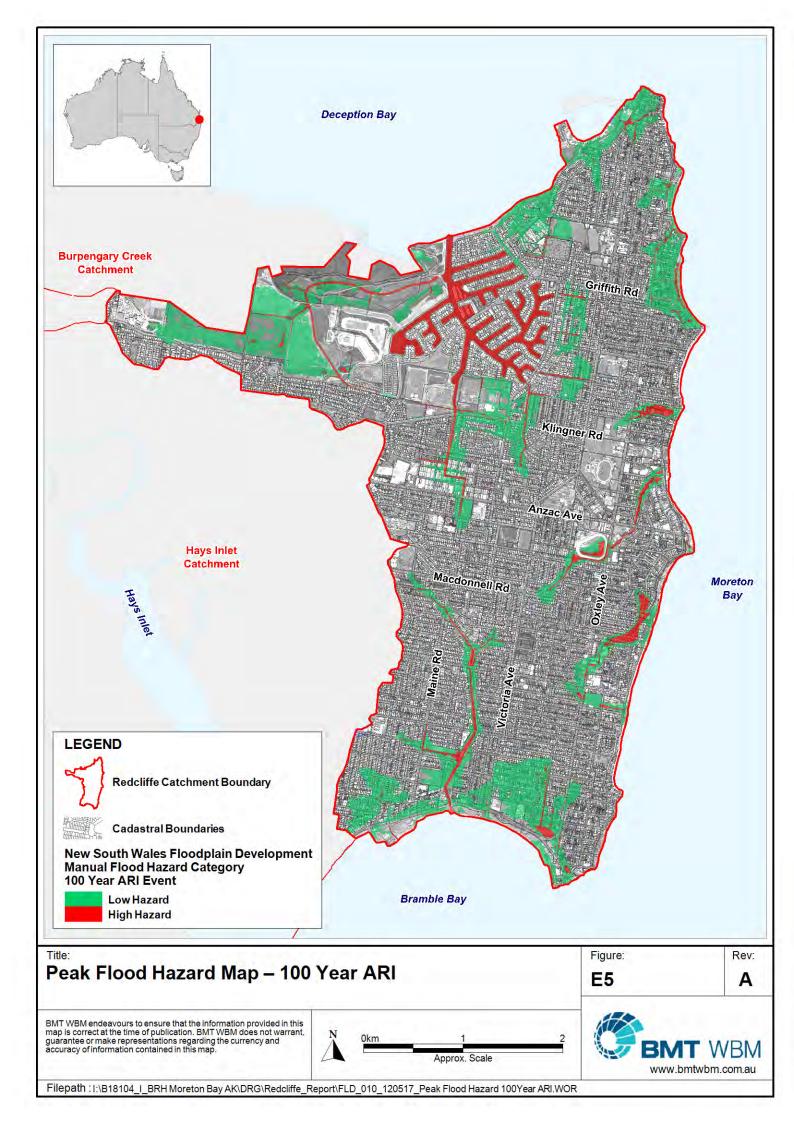








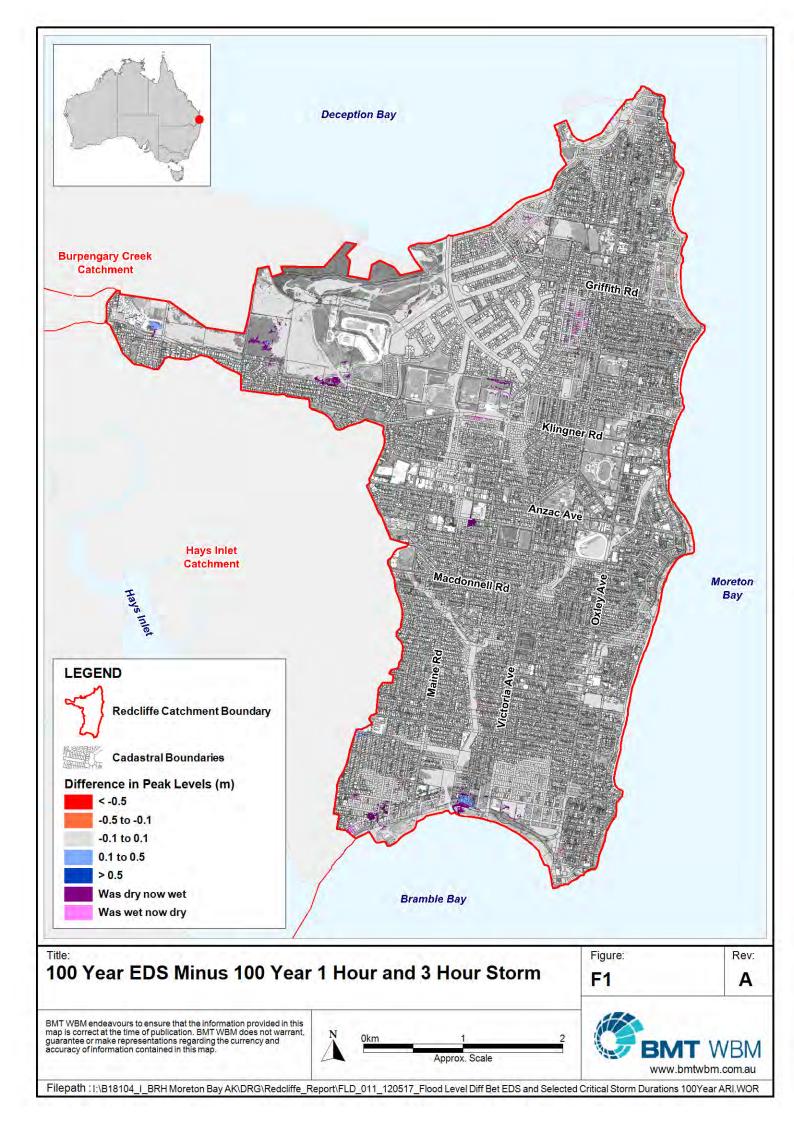


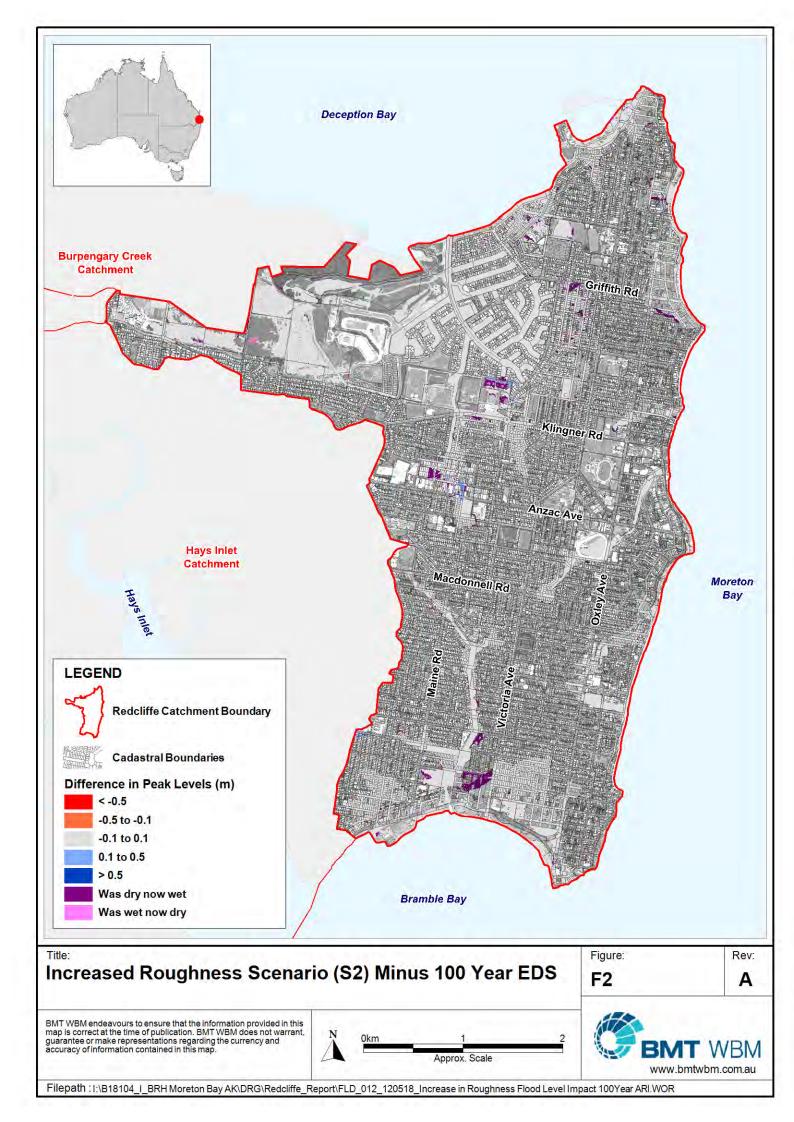


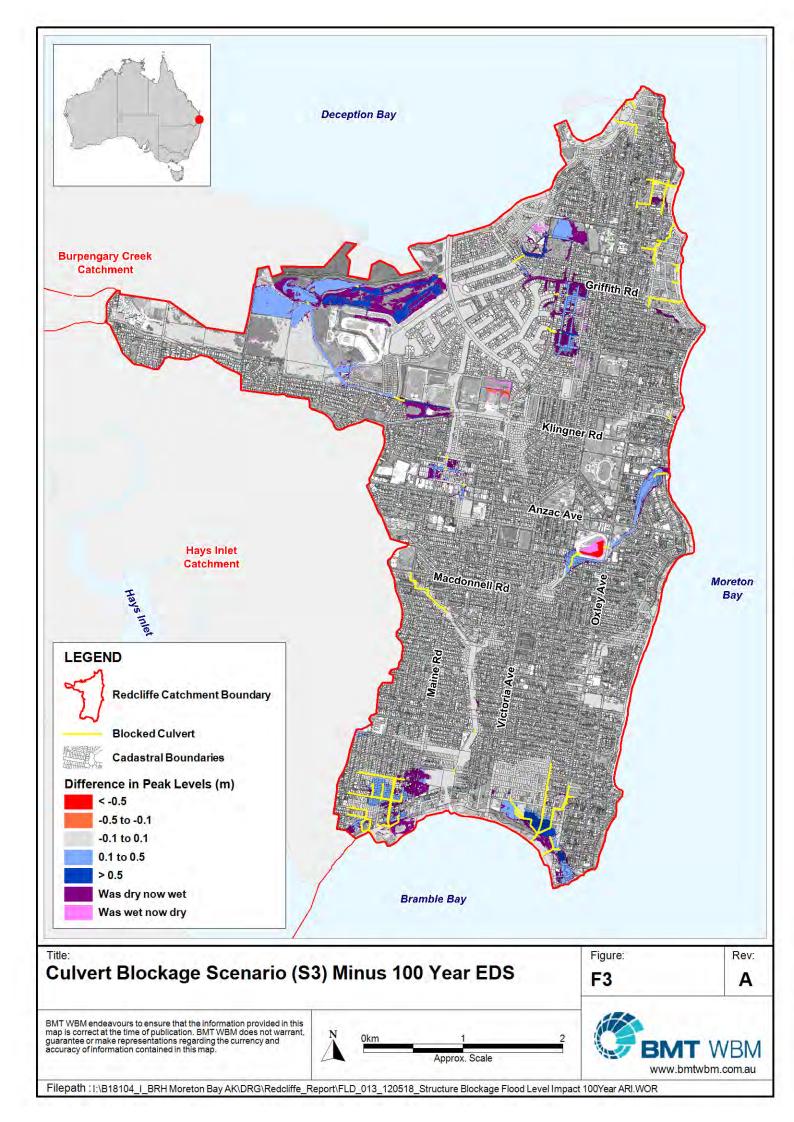
# APPENDIX F

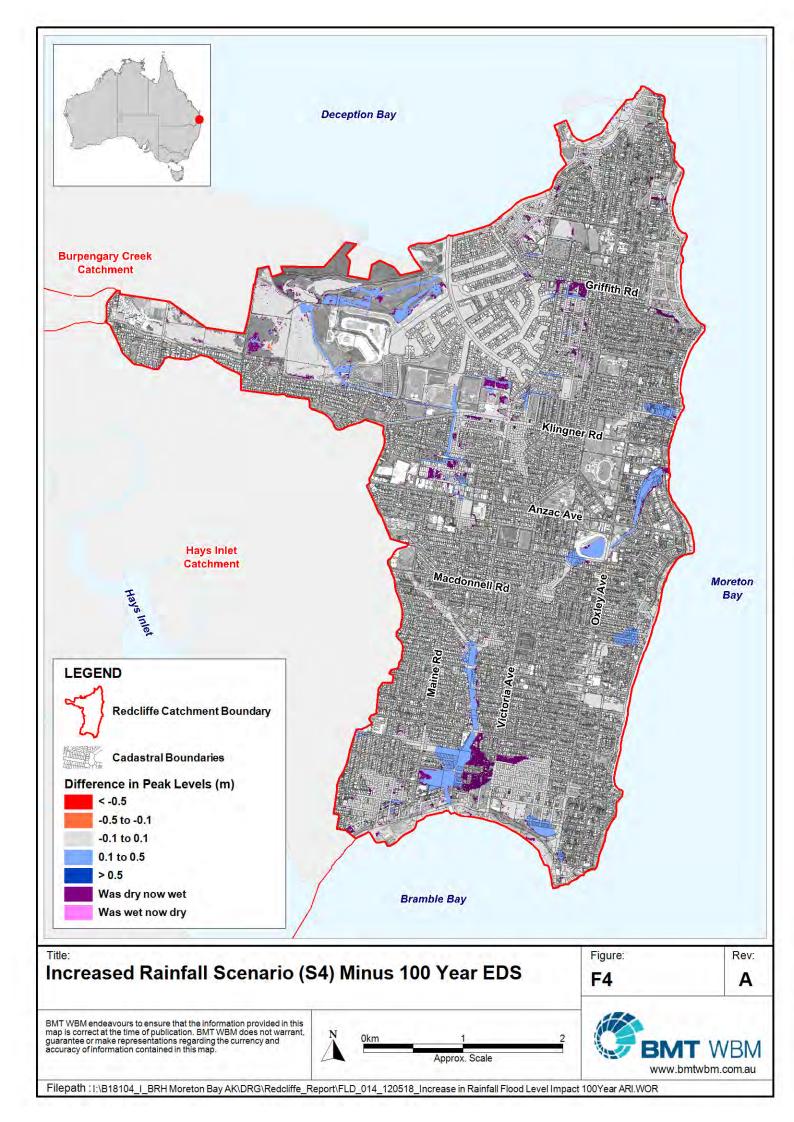
## APPENDIX F: MODEL SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS MAPS

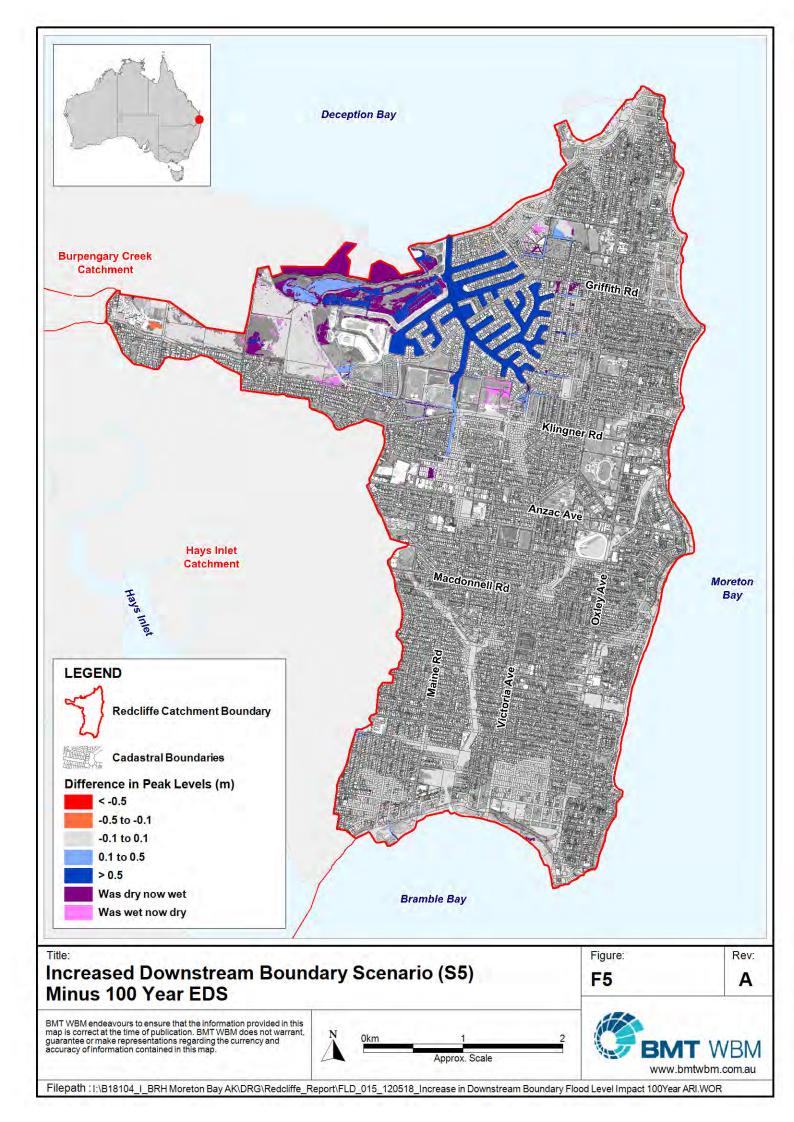


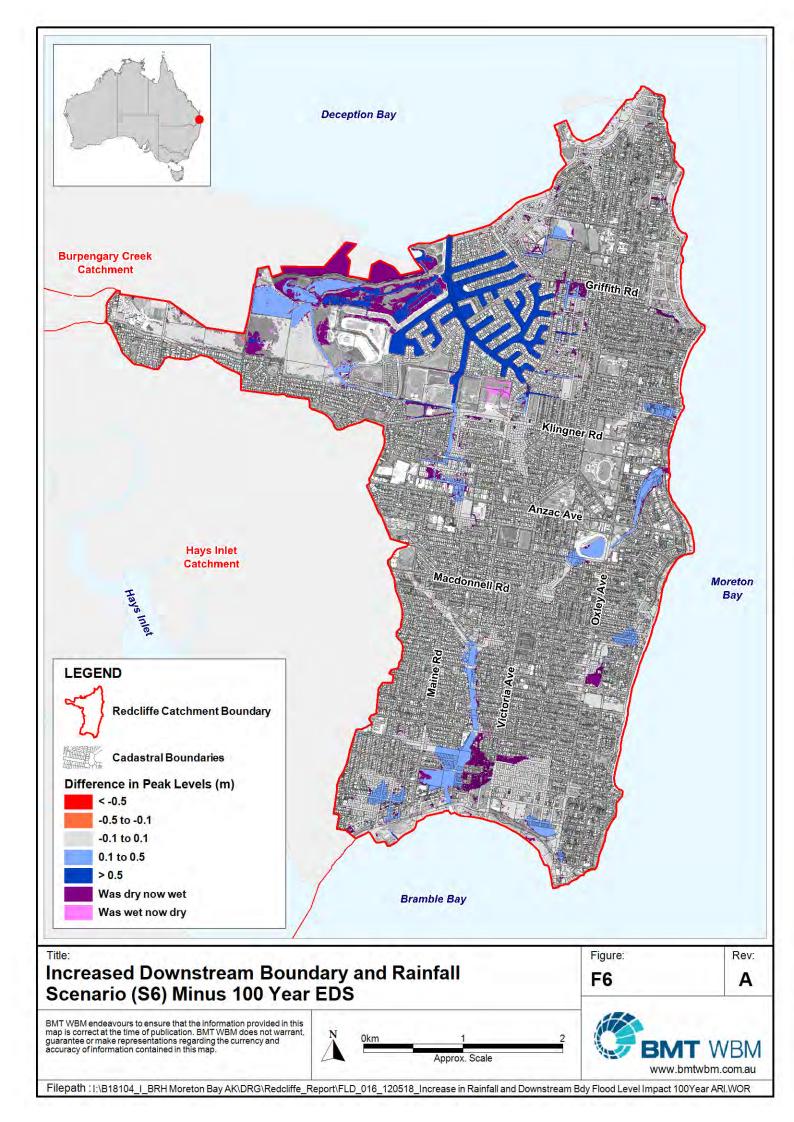


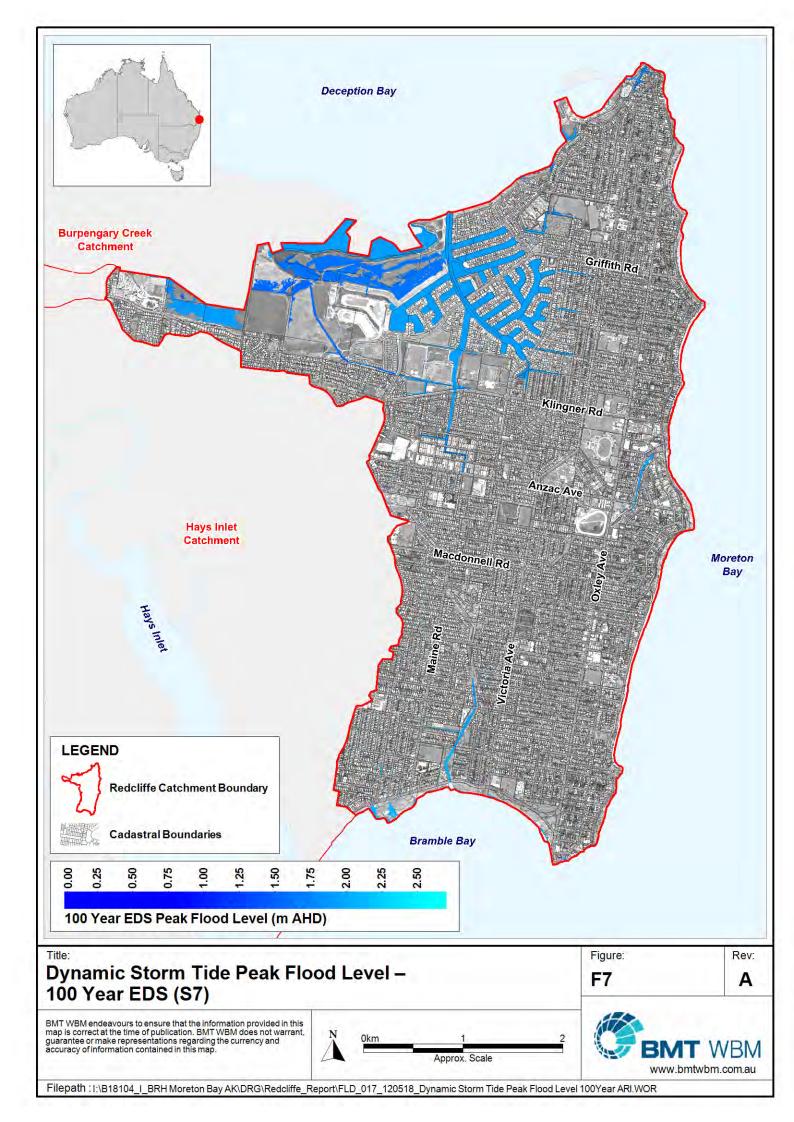


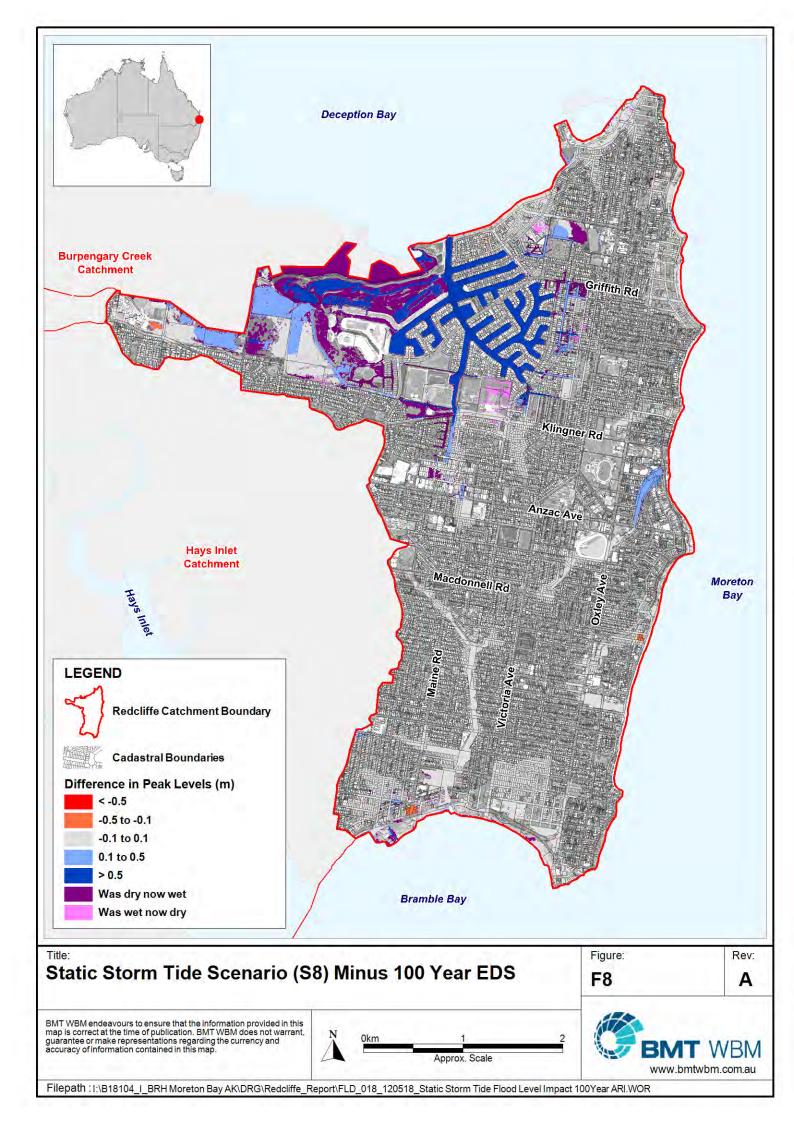


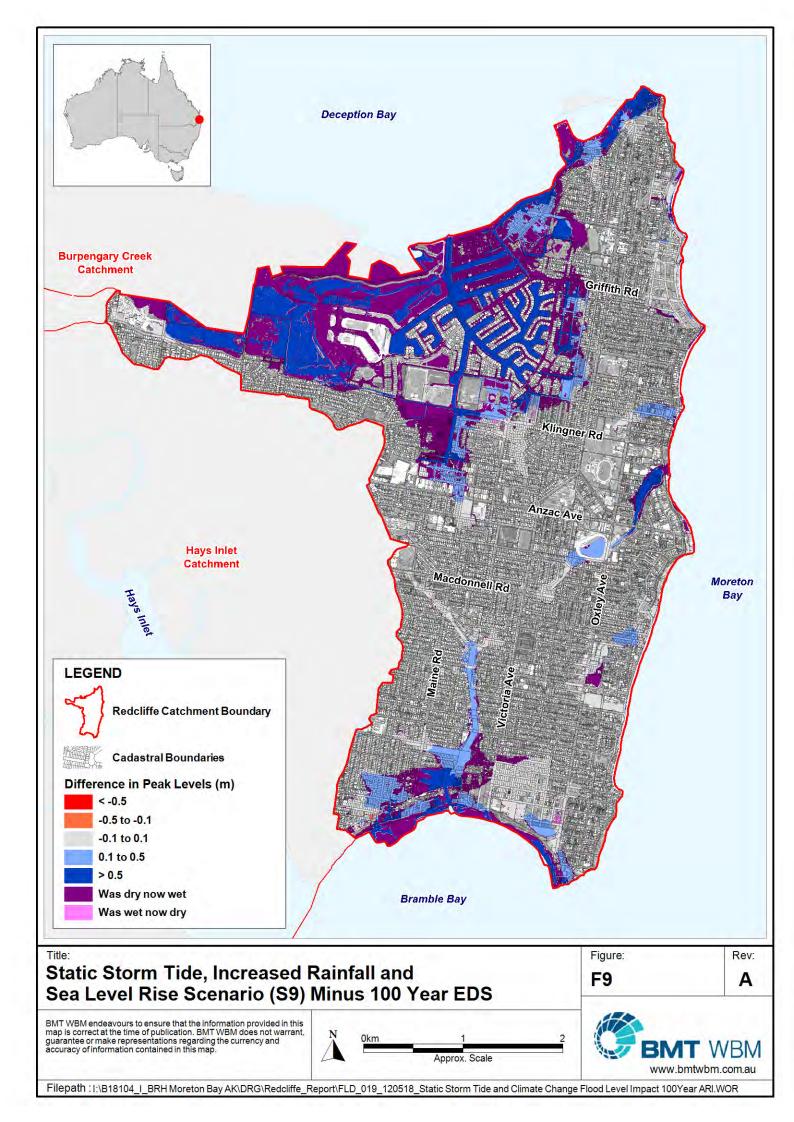


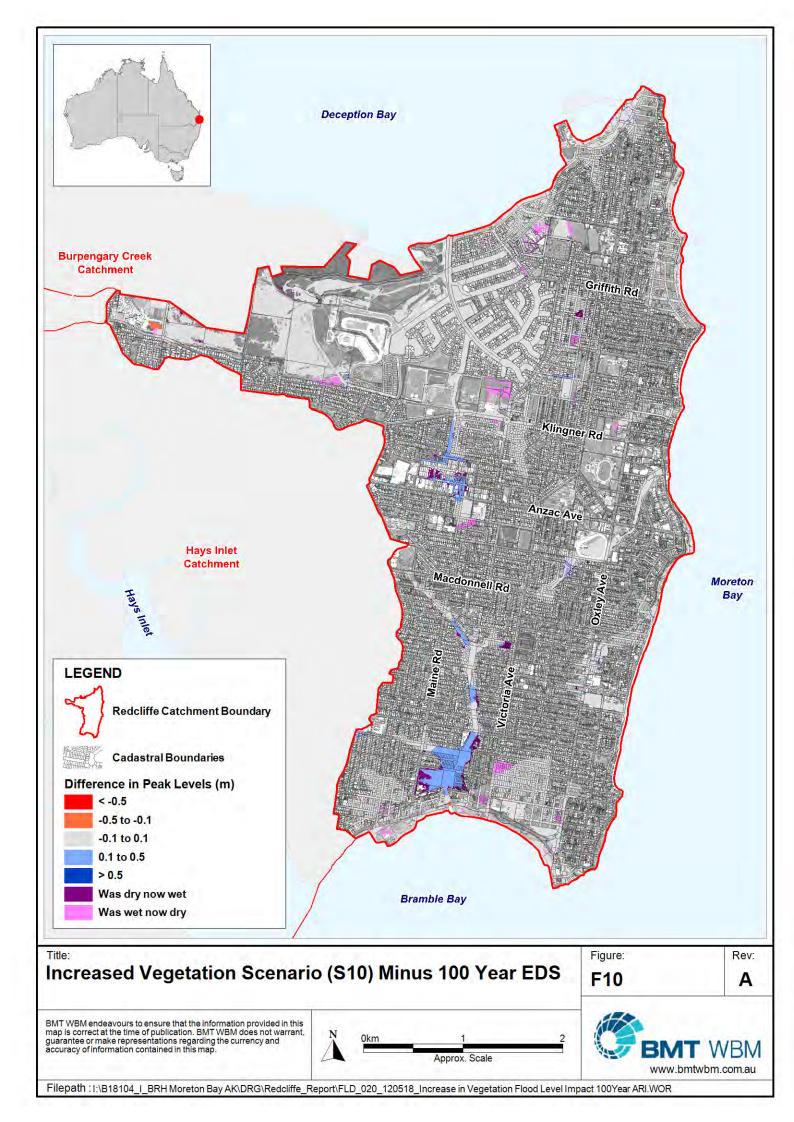


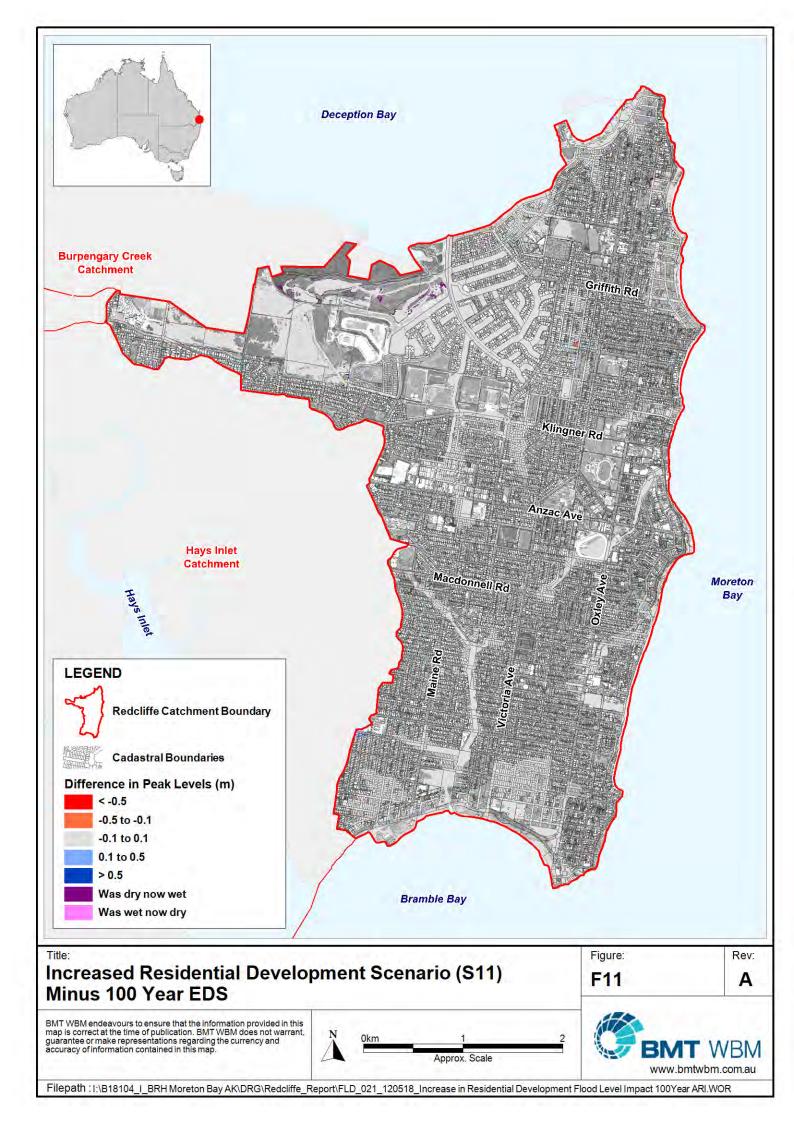


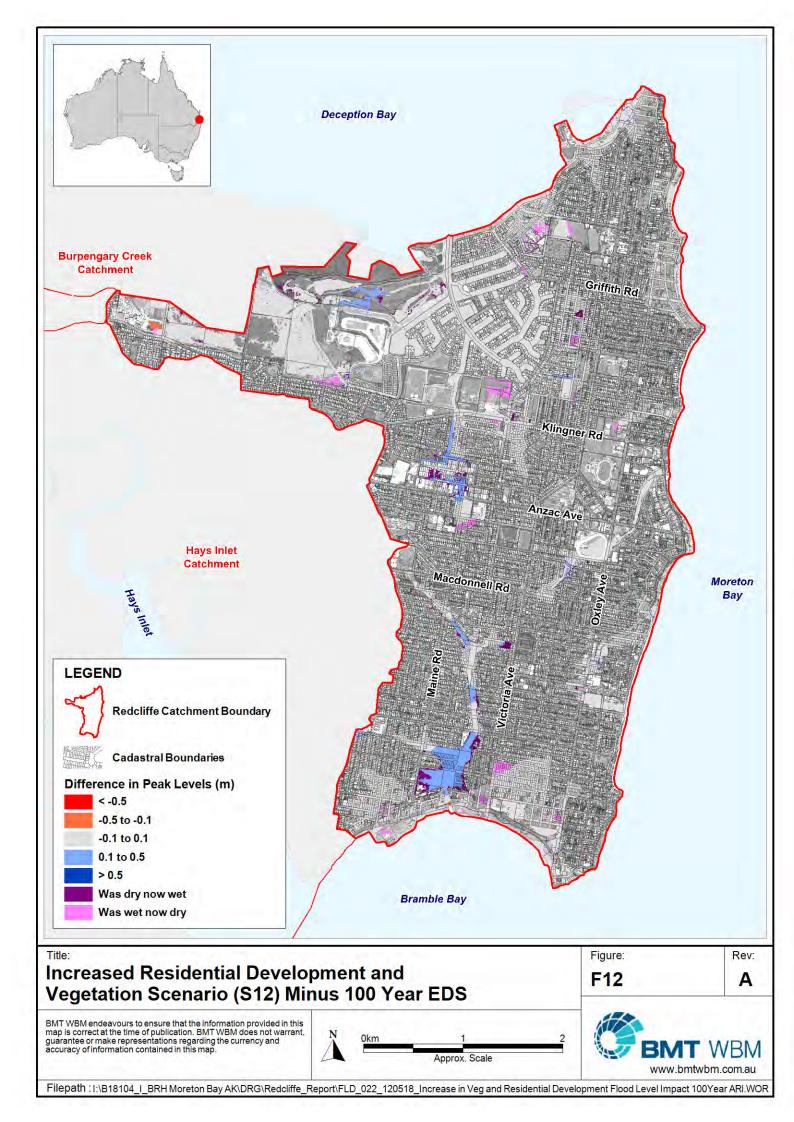


















Attorney-General's Department Emergency Management Australia

