



Guide to using the IDAS development applications forms

Guide 4 — Guide to Environmentally Relevant Activities (ERAs)

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This guide has been prepared to assist applicants and local governments to determine if an application requires assessment for an environmentally relevant activity (ERA).

What is an ERA?

An ERA is an activity that has been identified as one that will, or has the potential to, release contaminants into the environment causing environmental harm. If an application involves an activity that is an ERA, the application must be assessed against the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* (EP Act).

The designated administering authority for the activity carries out this assessment. Certain ERAs are not assessable against the EP Act. Instead these activities are self-assessable against an applicable code of environmental compliance.

Visit www.epa.qld.gov.au/ecoaccess/business and industry/codes of environmental compliance/for the codes of environmental compliance to determine if your proposed ERA is self-assessable.

The administering authority for an ERA

Depending on the type of the ERA, the administering authority for a particular ERA could be the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), a local government or the Queensland Department of Primary Industries & Fisheries (DPI&F).

The local government is the administering authority for devolved ERAs. Devolved ERAs are listed in section 101 of the Environmental Protection Regulation 2008. The responsibility for administering pig keeping and intensive animal feedlotting ERAs has been delegated to DPI&F. If the application involves more than one (1) ERA and the ERAs have different administering authorities, the EPA becomes the administering authority for all the ERAs proposed in the application.

The administering authority as assessment manager or concurrence agency

If an application for an ERA also requires assessment by the local government, that local government is the assessment manager for the application and the administering authority responsible for assessing the ERA under chapter 4 of the EP Act will be a concurrence agency for the application.

Where the development is proposed on strategic port land, the Port Authority is the assessment manager for the application. This is despite whether or not the use is consistent or inconsistent with the approved land use plan for the Port.

Where the proposed development is within a local government area but there is no assessment against the planning scheme, the administering authority for the ERA(s) will



usually be the alternative assessment manager. The exception occurs when the application involves dredging in a watercourse. In this instance, the Department of Natural Resources and Water (NRW) is the assessment manager for the application.

Assessable ERAs may be either ‘on premises’ or ‘mobile or temporary’

A material change of use for an ERA as described below is assessable:

- at the start of a new ERA,
- an increase in the threshold of an ERA,
- the re-establishment of an ERA that has been abandoned,
- a material change in scale or intensity to an existing ERA, or
- the continuation of an activity that becomes an ERA.

Mobile or temporary ERAs

A mobile and temporary ERA means an ERA (*other than a mining or petroleum activity*) or an activity that is dredging material, extracting rock or other material or the incinerating of waste:

- carried out at various premises using transportable plant or equipment, including a vehicle, and
- that does not result in the building of any permanent structures or any physical change to the landform at the premises (other than minor alterations solely necessary for access and setup including for example access ways, footings and temporary storage areas), and
- carried out at one (1) location and:
 - for less than 28 days in a calendar year but, other than for regulated waste transport, for not more than 6 times in a calendar year, or
 - the activity is necessarily associated with and is exclusively used in the construction or demolition phase of a project.

ERAs not assessed through IDAS

Mining and petroleum activities are not assessed through IDAS. ERAs for activities authorised under a mining or petroleum lease under the *Mineral Resources Act 1989* are processed using a separate process in the EP Act, requiring separate application forms available from the EPA.

All other ERAs, both assessable and self-assessable, are referred to as ‘Chapter 4 activities’.

Registering ERAs

To carry out an ERA (other than a mining or petroleum activity), a person must have a registration certificate for the activity. The registration is required to record the details of the operator and to determine if the person is suitable to carry out the ERA.

The administering authority issues the registration certificate.

The registration certificate application form is available from the EPA, the local government or DPI&F and a fee is payable in some circumstances. If the registration certificate is applied for within 30 business days after the development permit taking effect, no additional fees for the application are payable. However, if the application for the registration certificate is lodged prior to the development permit taking effect, or more than 30 business days after the

development permit taking effect, the same fees that apply to the development application also apply to the application for a registration certificate.

Quarry material allocation notice

Evidence of resource entitlement (a quarry material allocation notice) must be obtained from NRW under *the Water Act 2000*, before a development application for quarrying in a freshwater watercourse or lake can be lodged (i.e. ERA 16 - thresholds 1 and 2 relating to dredging and extracting activities).

Proof of the allocation notice must be submitted with Part A of the IDAS Application Form 1. Under section 3.2.1(5) of the IPA, without this information the application cannot be accepted as properly made.

Similarly, a quarry material allocation notice under the *Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995* must be obtained from the EPA for taking quarry material from state coastal land. State coastal land generally refers to land in a coastal management district that is within reserves, unallocated state land or other state controlled land.

The state agency administering the resource for which evidence is required should be contacted in relation to their requirements prior to lodging the development application.

For more information

For more information or to submit completed applications contact the local government or

Ecoaccess Customer Service Unit
Environmental Protection Agency
PO Box 155
Brisbane Albert Sresst Qld 4002

Phone: 1300 368 326

Fax: (07) 3115 9600

eco.access@epa.qld.gov.au

EPA Guidelines, Information Sheets, registration certificate application forms and EPA regional office contact details are available from the EPA website at www.epa.qld.gov.au under Ecoaccess/ business and industry or from the Ecoaccess Customer Service Unit.

Summary list of ERAs and application fees that apply

Listed in the table below is a summary of ERAs and the fees that apply if the EPA or DPI&F need to assess the application. If you think your proposal could be one of these, refer to the EP Regulation which contains the complete description of each ERA, including any exclusions and the different thresholds that apply.

The application fee for a development approval consists of a \$500 application fee component plus the highest annual fee that applies if more than 1 ERA is included in the application (see table below). Once an application has been lodged, the \$500 application fee component is not refundable. Should the application be withdrawn or refused, the annual fee component will be refunded.

Local governments have the ability to set their own fees for the ERAs administered by them. If your application relates to one of these ERAs please contact the specific Council to find out if different fees apply.

Local government, the EPA and DPI&F (for pig keeping and intensive animal feedlotting) can also assist with determining what ERAs are applicable to your application.

Completing the IDAS application form—Part G and the Referrals Checklist



If your application involves an ERA and you have determined the relevant threshold and fee that applies, complete the details in Part G of IDAS Form 1.



Summary list of ERAs

Chapter 4 activity	AES	Annual fee
Part 1 – Aquaculture and intensive animal industry		
1 Aquaculture		
1(a) Aquaculture (land based): crustaceans 100m ² -10ha	11	\$1,100
1(b) Aquaculture (land based): crustaceans >10ha-100ha	21	\$2,100
1(c) Aquaculture (land based): crustaceans >100ha	34	\$3,400
2(a) Aquaculture (land based): other than crustaceans 100m ² -10ha	19	\$1,900
2(b) Aquaculture (land based): other than crustaceans >10ha-100ha	29	\$2,900
2(c) Aquaculture (land based): other than crustaceans >100ha	32	\$3,200
3(a) Aquaculture (in waters): marine, estuarine or freshwater organisms <1ha	26	\$2,600
3(b) Aquaculture (in waters): marine, estuarine or freshwater organisms >1ha	36	\$3,600
2 Intensive animal feedlotting		
1(a) Cattle feedlotting: 50-150 standard cattle units (SCU) *	0	\$500
1(b) Cattle feedlotting: >150-1,000 SCU *	14	\$1,400
1(c) Cattle feedlotting: >1,000-10,000 SCU *	28	\$2,800
1(d) Cattle feedlotting: >10,000 SCU *	49	\$4,900
2(a) Sheep feedlotting: 350-1,000 standard sheep units (SSU) *	0	\$500
2(b) Sheep feedlotting: >1,000-10,000 SSU *	12	\$1,200
2(c) Sheep feedlotting: >10,000 SSU *	26	\$2,600
3 Pig keeping		
1 Pig keeping: 21-400 standard pig units (SPU) *	0	\$500
2 Pig keeping: >400-3,500 SPU *	27	\$2,700
3 Pig keeping: >3,500-8,000 SPU *	34	\$3,400
4 Pig keeping: >8,000 SPU *	43	\$4,300
4 Poultry farming		
1 Poultry farming: >1,000-200,000 birds **	0	\$500
2 Poultry farming: >200,000 birds **	9	\$900



Part 2 – Chemical, coal and petroleum products activities		
5 Alcohol production		
Alcohol production: >200m ³ /yr	48	\$9,600
6 Asphalt Manufacturing		
(a) Asphalt manufacturing: <1000t/yr **	0	\$500
(b) Asphalt manufacturing: 1000t/yr or more **	32	\$6,400
7 Chemical manufacturing		
1 Paint manufacturing (water based): 200m ³ /yr or more	0	\$500
2(a) Manufacturing coating, food additives, industrial polish, sealant, synthetic dye, pigment, ink, adhesive or paint (other than water based): 200-1,000m ³ /yr	10	\$2,000
2(b) Manufacturing coating, food additives, industrial polish, sealant, synthetic dye, pigment, ink, adhesive or paint (other than water based): >1,000-100,000m ³ /yr	19	\$3,800
2(c) Manufacturing coating, food additives, industrial polish, sealant, synthetic dye, pigment, ink, adhesive or paint (other than water based): >100,000m ³ /yr	37	\$7,400
3(a) Manufacturing soap, surfactants or cleaning or toiletry products: 200t/yr or more	39	\$7,800
3(b) Manufacturing biological control and agricultural chemical products: 200t/yr or more	114	\$22,800
3(c) Manufacturing medicines, pharmaceutical products, poisons or veterinary chemical products: 200t/yr or more	115	\$23,000
3(d) Explosives manufacturing: 200t/yr or more	138	\$27,600
3(e) Fertiliser manufacturing: 200t/yr or more	153	\$30,600
4(a) Organic chemical manufacturing (other than items 1-3): 200-1,000t/yr	30	\$6,000
4(b) Organic chemical manufacturing (other than items 1-3): >1,000-10,000t/yr	66	\$13,200
4(c) Organic chemical manufacturing (other than items 1-3): >10,000-100,000t/yr	139	\$27,800
4(d) Organic chemical manufacturing (other than items 1-3): >100,000t/yr	202	\$40,400



5(a) Inorganic chemical manufacturing (other than items 1-3): 200-1,000t/yr	56	\$11,200
5(b) Inorganic chemical manufacturing (other than items 1-3): >1,000-10,000t/yr	115	\$23,000
5(c) Inorganic chemical manufacturing (other than items 1-3): >10,000-100,000t/yr	200	\$40,000
5(d) Inorganic chemical manufacturing (other than items 1-3): >100,000t/yr	268	\$53,600
8 Chemical storage		
1 Chemical storage 50t or more of chemicals of dangerous goods Class 1 or Class 2, division 2.3 in containers of at least 10m ³	51	\$10,200
2 Chemical storage 50t or more of chemicals of dangerous goods Class 6, division 6.1 in containers capable of holding at least 900kg of the chemicals	51	\$10,200
3(a) Chemical storage 10m ³ to 500m ³ of chemicals of dangerous goods Class 3 or Class C1 or C2 combustible liquids under AS 1940 **	0	\$500
3(b) Chemical storage more than 500m ³ of dangerous goods Class 3 or Class C1 or C2 combustible liquids under AS 1940	85	\$17,000
4 Chemical storage 200t or more of chemicals that are solids or gases, in containers of at least 10m ³ , other than chemicals mentioned in item 1 to 3	31	\$6,200
5 Chemical storage 200m ³ or more of chemicals that are liquids, in containers of at least 10m ³ , other than chemicals mentioned in items 1 to 3	31	\$6,200
9 Hydrocarbon gas refining		
(a) Natural gas refining: <200 million m ³ /yr or more	0	\$500
(b) Natural gas refining: 200 million m ³ /yr or more	19	\$3,800
(c) Coal seam gas refining	64	\$12,800
10 Gas producing		
Manufacturing, processing or reforming hydrocarbon gas: 200t/yr or more	64	\$12,800
11 Oil refining and processing		
(a) Refining or processing crude oil or shale oil: <500 m ³ /yr	146	\$29,200
(b) Refining or processing crude oil or shale oil: 500-	186	\$37,200



150,000 m ³ /yr		
(c) Refining or processing crude oil or shale oil: >150,000 m ³ /yr	237	\$47,400
12 Plastic product manufacturing		
1 Plastic manufacturing – (other than plastic in item 2 below): 50t/yr or more **	28	\$5,600
2 Plastic manufacturing – foam, composite plastic or rigid fibre-reinforced: 5t/yr or more **	54	\$10,800
13 Tyre manufacturing or retreading		
1 Tyre manufacturing	36	\$7,200
2 Tyre retreading	17	\$3,400
Part 3 – Energy related services		
14 Electricity generation		
1 Power station (gas) with a rated capacity of 10MW electrical or more	72	\$14,400
2(a) Power station (fuel other than gas) with a rated capacity of 10MW-150MW electrical	76	\$15,200
2(b) Power station (fuel other than gas) with a rated capacity of more than 150MW electrical	151	\$30,200
15 Fuel burning		
Fuel burning operation using equipment capable of burning at least 500kg/hr of fuel	35	\$7,000
Part 4 – Extractive activities		
16 Extractive and screening activities		
1(a) Dredging material: 1,000-10,000t/yr	11	\$2,200
1(b) Dredging material: >10,000-100,000t/yr	25	\$5,000
1(c) Dredging material: >100,000-1 million t/yr	44	\$8,800
1(d) Dredging material: >1 million t/yr	66	\$13,200
2(a) Extracting rock or other material (in a wild river area): <5,000t/yr	0	\$500
2(b) Extracting rock or other material: 5,000-100,000t/yr	22	\$4,400
2(c) Extracting rock or other material: >100,000-1 million	39	\$7,800
2(d) Extracting rock or other material: >1 million t/yr	57	\$11,400
3(a) Screening rock or other material: 5,000-100,000 t/yr	13	\$2,600



3(b) Screening rock or other material: >100,000-1 million	29	\$5,800
3(c) Screening rock or other material: >1 million t/yr	47	\$9,400
Part 5 – Fabricated metal product activities		
17 Abrasive blasting		
Abrasive blasting – permanent location or mobile and temporary **	16	\$3,200
18 Boilermaking or engineering		
(a) Boilermaking, assembling, building or manufacturing metal product: 200-10,000t/yr **	0	\$500
(b) Boilermaking, assembling, building or manufacturing metal product: >10,000t/yr **	46	\$9,200
19 Metal forming		
19 Metal forming: 10,000t/yr or more **	0	\$500
20 Metal recovery		
1 Metal recovery: <100t/day **	0	\$500
2 Metal recovery without a fragmentiser: 100t/day or more or 10,000t/yr or more **	19	\$3,800
3 Metal recovery with a fragmentiser: 100t/day or more or 10,000t/yr or more **	51	\$10,200
21 Motor vehicle workshop operation		
Motor vehicle workshop **	7	\$1,400
Part 6 – Food processing		
22 Beverage production		
1(a) Beverage production (non-alcoholic): 1ML-10ML/yr	19	\$3,800
1(b) Beverage production (non-alcoholic): >10 ML/yr	32	\$6,400
2 Beverage production (alcoholic): 1ML/yr or more	55	\$11,000
23 Bottling or canning		
Bottling or canning: 200t/yr or more	45	\$9,000
24 Edible oil manufacturing or processing		
Edible oil manufacturing or processing: 1,000t/yr or more	38	\$7,600



25 Meat processing		
1(a) Meat processing: 1,000-5,000t/yr	16	\$3,200
1(b) Meat processing: >5,000-50,000t/yr	26	\$5,200
1(c) Meat processing: >50,000t/yr	41	\$8,200
2(a) Meat processing (including rendering): 1,000-5,000t/yr	25	\$5,000
2(b) Meat processing (including rendering): >5,000-50,000t/yr	48	\$9,600
2(c) Meat processing (including rendering): >50,000t/yr	66	\$13,200
3(a) Rendering: 100-500t/yr	0	\$500
3(b) Rendering: >500t/yr	29	\$5,800
26 Milk processing		
Milk processing: 200t/yr or more	37	\$7,400
27 Seafood processing		
Seafood processing: 500t/yr or more	15	\$3,000
28 Sugar milling or refining		
Sugar milling or refining: 200t/yr or more	48	\$9,600
Part 7 – Metal production and mineral processing activities		
29 Metal foundry operation		
1(a) Metal foundry (ferrous castings): 100-1,000t/yr	35	\$7,000
1(b) Metal foundry (ferrous castings): >1,000-5,000t/yr	45	\$9,000
1(c) Metal foundry (ferrous castings): >5,000-10,000t/yr	47	\$9,400
1(d) Metal foundry (ferrous castings): >10,000t/yr	62	\$12,400
2 Metal foundry (non-ferrous castings/permanent moulds): 50t/yr or more	13	\$2,600
3(a) Metal foundry (non-ferrous castings/non-permanent moulds): >50-200t/yr	16	\$3,200
3(b) Metal foundry (non-ferrous castings/non-permanent moulds): >200-1,000t/yr	19	\$3,800
3(c) Metal foundry (non-ferrous castings/non-permanent	28	\$5,600



moulds): >1,000-5,000t/yr		
3(d) Metal foundry (non-ferrous castings/non-permanent moulds): >5,000t/yr	33	\$6,600
30 Metal smelting and refining		
(a) Processing gold: 1-100t/yr	107	\$21,400
(b) Processing metalloids or metals (other than gold): 10–100t/yr	107	\$21,400
(c) Processing metalloids or metals: >100-10,000t/yr	205	\$41,000
(d) Processing metalloids or metals: >10,000t/yr	316	\$63,200
31 Mineral processing		
1 Processing coke: 1000t/yr or more	148	\$29,600
2(a) Mineral processing: 1,000-100,000t/yr	179	\$35,800
2(b) Mineral processing; >100,000t/yr	280	\$56,000
Part 8 – Miscellaneous activities		
32 Battery manufacturing		
Battery manufacturing: 200t/yr or more	35	\$7,000
33 Crushing, milling, grinding or screening		
Crushing, milling, grinding or screening material: >5,000t/yr	0	\$500
34 Mushroom growing substrate manufacture		
Mushroom growing substrate manufacturing: 200t/yr or more	11	\$2,200
35 Plaster manufacturing		
Plaster manufacturing: 5,000t/yr or more	47	\$9,400
36 Pulp or paper manufacturing		
Pulp or paper manufacturing: 100t/yr or more	204	\$40,800
37 Printing		
(a) Printing: 200-1,000t/yr **	0	\$500
(b) Printing: >1,000t/yr **	22	\$4,400
38 Surface coating		



1(a) Surface coating: anodising, electroplating, enamelling or galvanizing using 1t-100t/yr of surface coating materials	10	\$2,000
1(b) Surface coating: anodising, electroplating, enamelling or galvanizing using >100-1,000t/yr of surface coating	19	\$3,800
1(c) Surface coating: anodising, electroplating, enamelling or galvanizing using >1,000-10,000t/yr of surface coating	41	\$8,200
1(d) Surface coating: anodising, electroplating, enamelling or galvanizing using >10,000t/yr of surface coating	66	\$13,200
2(a) Surface coating: coating, painting or powder coating using 1t-100t/yr surface coating materials **	0	\$500
2(b) Surface coating: coating, painting or powder coating using >100t/yr surface coating materials	7	\$1,400
39 Tanning		
Tanning: 100t/yr or more	56	\$11,200
40 Textile manufacturing		
Textile manufacturing: 100t/yr or more	27	\$5,400
Part 9 – Non-metallic mineral product manufacture		
41 Cement manufacturing		
Manufacturing cement or calcining limestone: 200t/yr or more	92	\$18,400
42 Clay or ceramic products manufacturing		
(a) Manufacturing clay or ceramic products: 200-5,000t/yr	32	\$6,400
(b) Manufacturing clay or ceramic products: >5,000t/yr	62	\$12,400
43 Concrete batching		
Concrete batching: 200t/yr or more **	30	\$6,000
44 Glass or glass fibre manufacturing		
Glass or glass fibre manufacturing: 200t/yr or more	67	\$13,400
45 Mineral wool or ceramic fibre manufacturing		
Mineral wool or ceramic fibre manufacturing	55	\$11,000
Part 10 – Sawmilling, woodchipping and wooden product manufacturing		
46 Chemically treating timber		
Chemically treating timber	42	\$8,400



47 Timber milling and woodchipping		
(a) Milling: 5,000-10,000t/yr	22	\$4,400
(b) Milling: >10,000-20,000t/yr	35	\$7,000
(c) Milling: >20,000-100,000t/yr	58	\$11,600
(d) Milling: >100,000t/yr	69	\$13,800

48 Wooden and laminate product manufacturing		
1 Fabricating wooden products: >100t/yr **	0	\$500
2(a) Manufacturing reconstituted timber products: 5,000-10,000t/yr	42	\$8,400
2(b) Manufacturing reconstituted timber products: >10,000t/yr	70	\$14,000
3 Manufacturing laminated products: >100t/yr	55	\$11,000
Part 11 – Transport and maritime services		
49 Boat maintenance or repair		
Operating a boat maintenance or repair facility **	17	\$3,400
Cleaning or maintaining hulls in water at another place	17	\$3,400
50 Bulk material handling		
1(a) Stockpiling 50,000t or more of minerals or loading or unloading 100 t/day or more of minerals within 5km of HAT	73	\$14,600
1(b) Stockpiling 50,000t or more of minerals or loading or unloading 100 t/day or more of minerals at another place	49	\$9,800
2 Loading or unloading bulk materials or stockpiling 100 t/day or more of bulk materials in association with a port	73	\$14,600
51 Road tunnel ventilation stack operation		
Operating a road tunnel ventilation stack	36	\$7,200
Part 12 Waste management		
52 Battery recycling		
Operating a facility for receiving, and recycling or reprocessing any type of battery	0	\$500
53 Composting and soil conditioner manufacturing		
Composting and soil conditioner manufacturing: 200t/yr or	18	\$3,600



more		
54 Drum and container reconditioning		
Operating a commercial facility for receiving and reconditioning metal or plastic drums or containers	0	\$500
55 Regulated waste recycling or reprocessing		
Operating a facility for receiving, and recycling or reprocessing regulated waste	85	\$17,000
56 Regulated waste storage		
1 Receiving and storing 5t or more or 500 or more equivalent passenger units (EPU) of tyres or parts of tyres	9	\$1,800
2 Receiving and storing regulated waste (other than tyres)	21	\$4,200
57 Regulated waste transport		
1 Regulated waste transport – transporting tyres	0	\$500
2(a) Regulated waste transport (other than tyres) in 1-5 vehicles	7	\$1,400
2(b) Regulated waste transport (other than tyres) in 6-35 vehicles	21	\$4,200
2(c) Regulated waste transport (other than tyres) in 36 or more vehicles	42	\$8,400
58 Regulated waste treatment		
Operating a facility for receiving and treating regulated waste	90	\$18,000
59 Tyre Recycling		
Operating a commercial facility for receiving, and recycling or reprocessing 1000 or more equivalent passenger units (EPU) of tyres or parts of tyres in a year (9.5kg is equivalent to 1 EPU)	0	\$500
60 Waste disposal		
1(a) Waste disposal facility (any combination of regulated waste, general waste and limited regulated waste — and <5t untreated clinical wastes if in a scheduled area): 50,000/	50	\$10,000
1(b) Waste disposal facility (any combination of regulated waste, general waste and limited regulated waste — and <5t untreated clinical wastes if in a scheduled area): 50,000-100,000/	82	\$16,400
1(c) Waste disposal facility (any combination of regulated waste, general waste and limited regulated waste — and <5t untreated clinical wastes if in a scheduled area): 100,000-999,999/	100	\$20,000



1(d) Waste disposal facility (any combination of regulated waste, general waste and limited regulated waste — and <5t untreated clinical wastes if in a scheduled area): 500-2000t/yr	110	\$22,000
2(a) Waste disposal facility (any combination of general waste and no more than 10% limited regulated waste): 50-2,000t/yr	13	\$2,600
2(b) Waste disposal facility (any combination of general waste and no more than 10% limited regulated waste): >2,000-5,000t/yr	20	\$4,000
2(c) Waste disposal facility (any combination of general waste and no more than 10% limited regulated waste): >5,000-10,000t/yr	29	\$5,800
2(d) Waste disposal facility (any combination of general waste and no more than 10% limited regulated waste): >10,000-20,000t/yr	41	\$8,200
2(e) Waste disposal facility (any combination of general waste and no more than 10% limited regulated waste): >20,000-50,000t/yr	53	\$10,600
2(f) Waste disposal facility (any combination of general waste and no more than 10% limited regulated waste): >50,000-100,000t/yr	58	\$11,600
2(g) Waste disposal facility (any combination of general waste and no more than 10% limited regulated waste): >100,000t/yr-200,000t/yr	73	\$14,600
2(h) Waste disposal facility (any combination of general waste and no more than 10% limited regulated waste): >200,000t/yr	96	\$19,200
61 Waste incineration and thermal treatment		
1 Incinerating waste vegetation, clean paper or cardboard **	0	\$500
2(a) Incinerating or thermally treating general waste: <5,000t/yr	18	\$3,600
2(b) Incinerating or thermally treating general waste: 5,000t/yr or more	30	\$6,000
3(a) Incinerating or thermally treating clinical waste or quarantine waste	51	\$10,200
3(b) Incinerating or thermally treating regulated waste	41	\$8,200
62 Waste transfer station operation		
Waste transfer station receiving >30m ³ or >30t of waste on any day	31	\$6,200



Part 13 – Water treatment services		
63 Sewage treatment		
1 No-release sewage treatment works: 21 equivalent persons (EP) or more	0	\$500
2(a) Sewage treatment: 21-100EP	27	\$5,400
2(b) Sewage treatment: >100-1,500EP	53	\$10,600
2(c) Sewage treatment: >1,500-4,000EP	76	\$15,200
2(d) Sewage treatment: >4,000-10,000EP	89	\$17,800
2(e) Sewage treatment: >10,000-50,000EP	114	\$22,800
2(f) Sewage treatment: >50,000-100,000EP	125	\$25,000
2(g) Sewage treatment: >100,000EP	145	\$29,000
3 Operating a sewage pumping station (design capacity >40KL an hour), if not an essential part of the operation of a sewage treatment works	0	\$500
64 Water treatment		
1(a) Desalinating water (releasing waste to seawater): 0.5ML-5ML/day	0	\$500
1(b) Desalinating water (releasing waste to seawater): >5ML/day	7	\$1,400
2(a) Desalinating water (releasing waste to waters other than seawater): 0.5ML-5ML/day	8	\$1,600
2(b) Desalinating water (releasing waste to waters other than seawater): >5ML/day	13	\$2,600
3 Raw water treatment: >10ML/day	26	\$5,200
4(a) Advanced water treatment (releasing waste to seawater): 5ML/day or more	34	\$6,800
4(b) Advanced water treatment (releasing waste to waters other than seawater): 5ML or more/day	45	\$9,000